Well Informed People ... [illegible]

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

WEATHER.
Snow Monday, colder in east portion; Tuesday, fair, warmer.

NO. 9151—36TH YEAR COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1906 PRICE FIVE CENTS.

DOWIE IS REPUDIATED

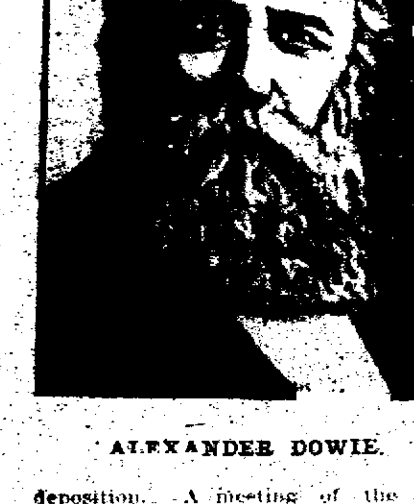
FAMOUS HEAD OF ZION CITY CHURCH IS DECLARED TO BE INSANE.

IS ALSO CHARGED WITH DECEIT AND EXTRAVAGANCE WIFE AND SON FOLLOW NEW LEADER

CHICAGO, April 1.—At a meeting today of 5,000 adherents of the Christian Catholic church at Zion City, of which John Alexander Dowie is the founder and first apostle, Dowie's authority was repudiated and Wilbur Glenn Voliva, who for some time has been conducting the affairs of the church, was elected in his stead. Mrs. Dowie also repudiated her husband, and their son Gladstone Dowie cast his lot with his mother and the new leader, Voliva.

Most of the officials of the church were present at the meeting and Dowie was denounced by many of these as having deceived the people and having wasted their money in extravagances. The meeting, however, refused to hold that he had knowingly erred, and John G. Speicher, the former overseer and once second in command to Dowie, who was recently deposed peremptorily, declared Dowie to be insane. Mrs. Dowie in her address also upheld that declaration.

The casting off of John Alexander Dowie followed the receipt today of an 800-word telegram from Dowie, who is in Mexico, in which he ordered the immediate discharge of Deacon Alexander Grainger, financial manager of Zion, who has been one of the most aggressive leaders in the effort to place the affairs of the church on a sound foundation. Dowie also announced in the telegram that a letter would follow in which other officials were ... for



ALEXANDER DOWIE.

deposition. A meeting of the Zion council of 12 followed immediately and it was decided to place the affairs of the church before the members and settle the question of leadership.

The meeting was held this afternoon and Overseer Voliva read the long telegram from Dowie. A few faint efforts at applause greeted the reading which was followed by a storm of cheers for the new leader of Zion as he arose from his chair and advanced to the front of the platform. He invited Dr. Speicher, the former overseer, to come to the platform and take a seat. Voliva then, amid dead silence, announced that he refused to remove Alexander Grainger from office.

This was the first publicly-announced defiance by Voliva of the authority of Dowie. The completion of Dowie's overthrow as a leader followed immediately. One after another Mrs. Jane Dowie, wife of the first apostle; Deacon Yerger of Cincinnati, Overseer Cantel and others denounced and repudiated the authority and leadership of Dowie.

Although Dowie's authority in the church has thus been repudiated, scores of the industries and homes of Zion City stand upon land, the titles of which read in Dowie's name.

Wilbur Glenn Voliva, the new leader of the church, was born in Indiana in 1870 and has been in the ministry of the church since 1889. He was ordained an overseer in 1901 and soon afterward was sent to Australia.

CANDIDATES ARRESTED

Displayed Too Liberal Tendencies for the Authorities.

ODESSA, April 1.—On the eve of the preliminary elections among the workmen of 66 factories all the 66 candidates were arrested because they displayed too liberal tendencies and the authorities directed the voters to choose other candidates belonging to the reactionary parties.

Prof. Ivan Michaelovitch Zanchevsky, rector of the university here, will be placed on trial before the senate. He is charged with organizing the student militia which defended the Jews during the massacres last November. Governor General Kaulbars has prohibited all election meetings, alleging that he fears disorders might result.

IOWA MAN DROPS DEAD IN DENVER.

DENVER, April 1.—John Culver of McPherson, Iowa, dropped dead while strolling along the platform at the union depot today. Heart failure is given as the cause of his sudden death. Mr. Culver was 64 years of age and had retired from business. He was returning from California with his wife and daughter.

161,540 ALIENS

A RECORD NUMBER OF ARRIVALS IN LAST THREE MONTHS OF 1905

ALBANY, N. Y., April 1.— [illegible]

AUTOMOBILE DEALS DEATH

TWO ST. LOUIS WOMEN ARE RUN DOWN—ONE DIES OF INJURIES.

THE DRIVER HASTENS AWAY TO AVOID ARREST—FIVE ALSO HURT IN COLLISION AT MONTCLAIR, N. J.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Mrs. Alvina Stein of St. Louis and her sister, Mrs. George J. Kuchler of New Rochelle, were struck by an automobile in that village today. Mrs. Stein dying in a hospital later. Mrs. Stein had come on to attend the celebration of her sister's seventy-third birthday anniversary.

The two women were hurled with terrific force against the stone abutments of a railroad bridge. Mrs. Kuchler's skull was fractured and she suffered serious internal injuries. Mrs. Stein's arm was broken and crushed and she also suffered internal injuries. After the accident the automobile, which was occupied by two men and three women, was driven away at a rapid rate. The police say they have the number of the car and are tracing its ownership.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., April 1.—In a collision between two automobiles near here today Ralph Shaw, assistant prosecutor of pleas of Passaic county, his wife and a young woman and two children were badly injured. The automobile in which the party were riding attempted to pass another machine which had stopped for repairs, but slipped in the mud and struck it, the Shaw machine overturning and pinning the occupants beneath.

IDE TAKES REINS

IS NOW GOVERNOR GENERAL OF PHILIPPINES INAUGURAL BRILLIANT.

MANILA, April 2.—The inaugural ceremonies in connection with the induction of Henry C. Ide into the office of governor general took place today with civic and military display. Three thousand troops of all arms attended and the marble hall of the Ayuntamiento, the official home of the governor general, was thronged with thousands of citizens of all classes, while army and navy officials, consular officers, Captain Shimamura and staff of the Japanese navy, all in full uniform, added brilliancy to an impressive scene.

The oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Cayetano Arellano of the supreme court. In the inaugural address Governor General Ide said in part:

"The policies of President McKinley, President Roosevelt and Secretary of War Taft will be our policy. The Philippines must be Philippines for the Filipinos. This duty we have assumed."

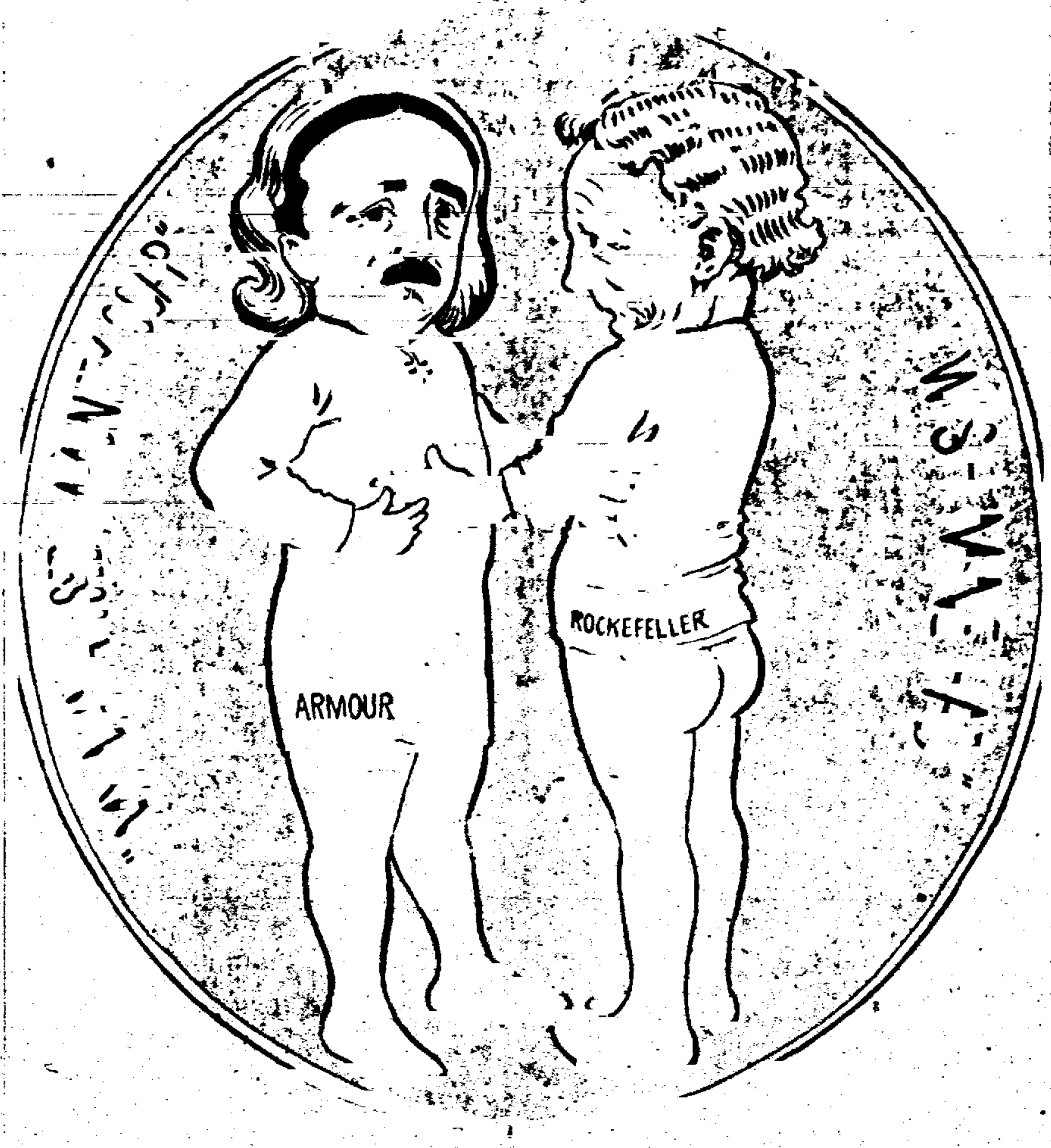
Governor General Ide laid great stress on the possibility of advancement of agriculture. He praised the work of the constabulary. The address concluded with the summary of the policy of the new insular administration and of the intentions for the betterment of the islands and its people.

BAER WILL NOT TALK

Confers With President of Anthracite Strike Commission.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1.—It was learned here tonight that Judge George Gray, president of the anthracite strike commission and President Baer of the Reading company met Saturday night at the home of Colonel H. A. Dupont, the powder manufacturer. Their meeting coming at this time naturally gave rise to rumors that it had something to do with the present crisis in the labor troubles in the anthracite region, but this was positively denied from all sources.

It can be stated authoritatively that it would only be with the greatest difficulty that Judge Gray could again be brought into any arbitration plan. He has frequently said in the past year that nothing but the most imperative demands would induce him to attempt with others to settle another strike involving features such as those presented by the hard coal situation.



—Chicago Tribune.

STRIKE IN SOFT COAL FIELDS LOSES THREATENING ASPECT

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 1.—Dispatches from the soft coal fields tonight indicate almost a general announcement from the operators of western Pennsylvania to pay the miners the advance of 5.55 per cent per ton called for in the restoration in the scale of 1903. With notices posted at the majority of the mines announcing the granting of the scale, the strike in the soft coal field has lost the threatening aspect that has surrounded it since last January.

Despite these notices it was announced from Johnstown that a thousand or more union miners would make a demonstration at the mines of the Berwind-White coal company at Windber tomorrow in an effort to get the nonunion miners to come into the union. At Dubois all the men met today and voted to remain out with the exception of pumpmen, engineers and firemen, until after the district convention, which begins Tuesday. Of the 40,000 miners in West Virginia, but 5,000 are affiliated with the United Mine Workers. About 1,500 are in the Panhandle section and these have ceased work.

Announcement was made from Greensburg tonight that the scale

Nearly All Western Pennsylvania Operators Will Pay Scale Demanded—Tens of Thousands of Miners Quit Work in Various States.

had been granted by the operators of 15 mines in Westmoreland county.

In the Pittsburg district there has been little change in the past 24 hours. While the scale agreement expired last night at midnight, there have been no steps taken that would indicate a general suspension of work. Tomorrow is a holiday, being Mitchell day, the anniversary of the granting of the eight-hour day to the miners, and all mines will be closed. On Tuesday, however, the district convention's scale committee will have in readiness the new scale and then it is expected that most of the operators will sign.

It is expected that among the first of the signers will be Francis L. Robbins, chairman of the Pittsburg Coal company, who has been the leader of the operators in granting the advance. Whatever suspension may follow on the part of the independent operators in the districts, it is said that not over 5,000 of the 65,000 miners in the district will go out. The operators opposed to the advance will hold a meeting Tuesday to confer on what course to pursue in the matter. Miners' officials are confident Robbins' competitors will yield after the meeting.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 1.—District President Wellington O'Connor of the United Mine Workers today announced that overtures have been made the miners toward signing the 1903 scale by the following companies, Central Indiana Coal company, with mines at Coalmont; Cayuga Brick and Coal company, Baker Coal company, in Vigo county; Sugar Valley Coal company, in Vigo county; Muren Coal and Ice company. President O'Connor also says that all mines south of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad tracks in the southern part of the district, with the exception of those owned by David Ingle, the Little Coal company and the Diamond Coal company, will sign the agreement. Besides this he says that several other companies have intimated their readiness to comply with the miners' demands and by the middle of next week between two and three thousand miners in the district will be working. The operators will hold a meeting here Thursday.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., April 1.—A special force of Philadelphia & Reading coal and iron policemen arrived here this evening to assist the regular force in giving protection to any miners wanting to go to work tomorrow. A large delegation will arrive after Tuesday if a strike is ordered. No work was done by any one at the mines today, excepting firemen, fire bosses and engineers in their regular capacity.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 1.—Most of the miners and laborers were busy

(Continued on Page 2)

TILLMAN OPPOSES RATE AMENDMENT

DOES NOT AGREE WITH PRESIDENT AND OTHERS ON PROPOSED COURT REVIEW FEATURE.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Senator Tillman, who has charge of the railroad rate bill in the senate, said tonight that he was not satisfied with the court review amendment to the measure which was agreed on yesterday at a conference between President Roosevelt, several Republican senators who are supporting the bill and members of the interstate commission. The senator said he would oppose it on the floor of the senate and he expressed the opinion that not half a dozen of his Democratic colleagues would support the amendment.

Senator Tillman declares the amendment does not meet the situation fully, inasmuch as it makes no provision setting forth specifically that there shall be no suspension of the railway rate fixed by the interstate commerce commission pending the judicial determination of any case which may be appealed from the rate as established.

This is a contention which Senator Tillman and a number of the Democratic senators have urged, as they argue that a failure to provide absolutely against a suspension of the rate, operators to nullify the objects for which the legislation is desired. The senator added that he would prefer to vote for the house bill as it stood than to accept the amendment, for the pending measure gave the right of review where constitutional questions are involved.

The proposed amendment was discussed generally today among groups of Democratic senators, but there was no conference on the subject among them.

FATAL RIOT

ONE STRIKING COAL MINER IS KILLED AN FIVE OTHERS ARE INJURED.

CHARLEROI, Pa., April 1.—One man shot to death, two others suffering from bullet wounds that are expected to prove fatal, a third seriously cut, a fourth burned about the hands and face and a fifth seriously injured, is the result of a fight of miners in the woods half a mile east of Twilight, a mining village near here, this evening. The men quarreled over a keg of beer.

The dead man is Lewis Williams, 38 years old. The two fatally wounded are J. S. and Oscar Schneider, brothers. Other members of the party included two Americans and two Finlanders, William Hart, an American who is alleged to have killed Williams, is being searched for by a posse.

WOMAN'S PLACE IS IN THE HOME

SO SAYS REV. FATHER T. C. O'REILLY OF CLEVELAND IN AN ADDRESS AT TOLEDO.

TOLEDO, O., April 1.—A four-days convention of the executive board of the National Council of Women opened this afternoon with a mass meeting. Mrs. Mary Wood Swift of San Francisco, president of the national council, responded to the address of welcome.

Mrs. May Wright Sewell of Indianapolis, honorary president of the International Council of Women, delivered an address on "America's Opportunity as a World Power." She paid a glowing tribute to the late Susan B. Anthony.

A feature of the meeting was an address by Rev. Father T. C. O'Reilly of Cleveland, who said among other things:

"Woman achieves her greatest triumphs when she fulfills the will of her creator. She was created to be the helpmate, not the rival of man. They are to work as one, neither striving to take the position which belongs to the other.

"Woman is to be the queen in the quiet and peaceful domain of home. Yet the fact that she is at home does not mean that she has no influence on the progress of the world outside the home. The ideal that we formed at our mother's knee is the highest we will form in all our lives."

Addresses were also made by Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister, of Detroit, treasurer of the national council, and supreme commander of the Ladies of the Maccabees; Mrs. Kate Waller Barrett, of Washington, vice president of the council, and Mrs. Florence E. Kelly of New York, chairman of the committee on child labor.

SPRINGS DID IT

MRS. ZEISLER'S HEALTH COMPLETELY RESTORED BY STAY IN THIS CITY.

CHICAGO, April 1.—Mrs. Fanny ... [illegible]

DEPEW IS IN RETIREMENT

HEALTH IS BAD AND HE REMAINS ON ELLIOT F. SHEPARD ESTATE.

STRICT SECRECY IS MAINTAINED AS TO HIS EXACT CONDITION AND NO CALLERS ARE ADMITTED.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The Herald tomorrow will say:

Promises that Senator Depew would return to his place in the senate by this time have not been fulfilled, for the reason that hopes of his family for a complete restoration of his health have been disappointed. He is still in retirement on the Elliott F. Shepard estate, back of Scarborough-on-Hudson, where he has been in seclusion for a month since he suddenly left Washington.

So closely is the senator guarded that only a few persons living in the immediate neighborhood are able to say from their own knowledge that he is in "Villa," as the house is known, as extreme measures have been taken to check the rapid decline into which it has seemed for several months he has been falling. If any employe of the Shepard place is questioned as to the senator, he answers either with a well-simulated stare of amazement or flatly denies that he has ever heard a report as to the senator's whereabouts.

But here and there can be found one or two to admit having seen Mr. Depew. Every pleasant day recently he has been taken for a ride in an automobile and several times he has taken children of the neighborhood as companions. Except for caretakers, Senator Depew is practically alone on the 200-acre estate.

SERIOUS WRECK

TWENTY-THREE PEOPLE INJURED IN COLLISION IN MISSOURI TOWN.

ANNAPOLIS, Mo., April 1.—A northbound passenger train on the Iron Mountain road, standing at the station this afternoon, was run into by a southbound passenger train which was slowing down. Twenty-nine persons were injured, four seriously.

Among the seriously hurt are: Mrs. E. S. Maxwell, St. Louis, back wrenched; W. H. Taylor, Tekamah, Neb., internal injuries; two cooks. The others suffered sprains and bruises.

It is stated the brakes on the southbound train refused to operate promptly. The engines were battered but the cars were not damaged.

OHIO RIVER ABOVE ITS DANGER LINE

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 1.—The Ohio river here is rising rapidly and tonight stands 2.3 feet above the danger line. All side streams continue to rise and many landings between here and Cairo, Ill., are submerged. Farmers in the bottoms are moving to the hills. At Hazleton, Ind., the White river rose over two feet today and is still rising rapidly.

DIAZ OPENS CONGRESS

Message Shows Great Prosperity in the Republic.

MEXICO CITY, April 1.—President Diaz opened the spring session of congress this evening. In his message he states that the government will instruct delegates to the Panamerican congress, which will be opened in Rio Janeiro on May 1, that the American senate has approved the adhesion of Mexico to the terms of the Geneva conference respecting neutrality of hospitals in time of war, and that the government has signified its willingness to take part in the proposed second peace congress at The Hague.

The message show that great progress has been made in mining, harbor improvements and railway construction. Notwithstanding a loss of a part of the wheat and maize crops, business transactions of all kinds have been more active than ever.

The era of prosperity in the republic is largely due to the monetary reform which, among other happy results, has powerfully stimulated the investment of foreign capital.

MAY INVADE VENEZUELA

RUMOR SAYS FOREIGN POWERS WILL EXPEL OR ANNIHILATE CASTRO.

NATIVE STATESMAN TO BE INSTALLED AS HIS SUCCESSOR. WILL OPEN WAY FOR AMERICAN CAPITAL.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The World tomorrow will say:

One of the largest merchants in New York said that arrangements had been been perfected here and in Paris and London for an invasion of Venezuela which will annihilate Castro and open up that country to American capital and enterprise.

A number of rich New York merchants are said to be interested in the movement, which the promoters declare will involve the employment of 15,000 soldiers and the expenditure of $5,000,000 in the campaign. President Castro, if the plans do not go astray, is to be either expelled or destroyed, and a native Venezuelan statesman is to be installed as his successor.

In this connection it is said that Castro, anticipating a successful revolution against him sooner or later, has converted some of his alleged $10,000,000 fortune into cash and has sent it to America and France.

Carlos B. Fuegerdo, Venezuelan consul in New York, said last night at his home that he heard such an expedition was being organized or being promoted, but had been unable to learn anything definite about it. He said he had understood shares in the scheme were being sold.

"I would ... [illegible]

PRESIDENT CASTRO.

those shares," he said. "I will buy all that are offered."

The consul inquired eagerly as to the point the expedition was to sail from.

The expedition is to set out shortly from Europe in three large steamships, which are already under charter. They are to carry about 5,000 volunteers, with the following quantities of arms and ammunition: 8,000 Mauser rifles of the latest pattern, 24,000 rounds of cartridges, 500,000 shells, eight rapid-fire guns, 8,000 army belts, 1,000 officers' swords, together with other supplies.

WHOLESALE REFORMS

Ohio General Assembly Lays Party Lines Aside.

COLUMBUS, April 1.—The Ohio general assembly, which will adjourn tomorrow, has, backed by the reform sentiment that swept away party lines in the last election, enacted many reform measures. Among these are the laws providing for two-cent passenger fares, creating a state railroad commission and providing for the regulation of freight rates, wiping out the fee system for the payment of county officers and putting them upon a salary basis, abolishing prison contract labor and repealing the inheritance tax law. The saloon tax has been increased from $350 to $1,000, local municipal option by petition instead of election has been provided and a search and seizure law enacted to aid the enforcement of the local option laws. Another important measure prohibits the posting of indecent or offensive pictures on bill boards, or the exhibition of such pictures in any manner. Offensive phonographic records also come under the ban.

FATAL FIGHT AT A NEGRO DANCE

NACOGDOCHES, Texas, April 1.—While attempting to effect an arrest at a negro dance near Woden, Deputy Sheriff William Alders was shot and mortally wounded. A man named Moody, deputized to assist him, was instantly killed and the negro Dave Taylor, who ran the place and who shot Alders, was killed by the wounded officer. The negro who shot Moody escaped.

BATTLESHIP OREGON ARRIVES FROM ORIENT

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—The battleship Oregon arrived here today from Manila and Honolulu. After a ... stay at this port the Oregon will go to the Puget sound navy yard for ... Entering this port the O... [illegible]

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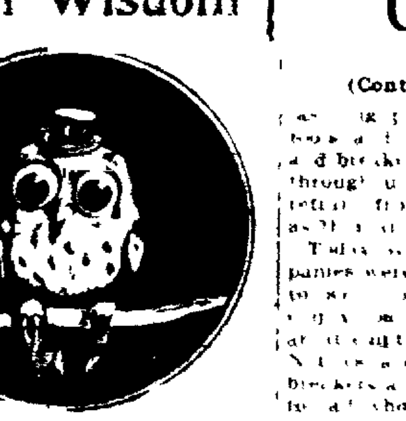
The Mark of Wisdom



The sign of Wisdom is the Owl. [illegible] We are [illegible] have [illegible] so all over them an undefinable something which distinguishes the skilled handicraft of the master artist.

Special attention is called to our new up-to-date boys' and children's Suits with two pairs pants in knickerbocker or regular pants with each coat.

EASTER TIES FOR MONDAY AND TUESDAY ONLY

Free choice of our new up-to-date Neckwear for spring 50c and 75c values for two days, your choice

25 Cents

We are showing New Hats for Easter in all shapes and colors. Come here and save 50c to $1.00 on your hat.

ONE PRICE TO ALL

[illegible] CO.

WILL NAME DELEGATES

ST. PETERSBURG TO CHOOSE ELECTORS TO MUNICIPAL CONGRESS TODAY.

REVOLUTIONISTS MAY CREATE DISORDERS CONSTITUTIONAL DEMOCRATS EXPECT TO BE VICTORIOUS.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 1.—Tomorrow the city of St. Petersburg will choose electors to the municipal congress which in turn will elect six members to the national parliament. The banks will be closed and business suspended in order to give voters an opportunity to cast their ballots.

Many rumors are afloat to the effect that the revolutionists intend to create disorders and throw bombs in the polling places with the purpose of discrediting the elections but the authorities declare that nothing of the sort will take place.

The close of the campaign was marked by great activity and considerable excitement, but these did not compare with the scenes at American political meetings. Speeches were prohibited, but hundreds of thousands of circulars were mailed to voters, and the Constitutional Democrats employed the expedient of dispatching their reading matter by messenger in order that it would be sure to reach the persons to whom it was sent.

Appeals to Voters.

The newspapers are filled with appeals to the voters that the strength of the Constitutional Democrats has compelled the moderates and the conservatives to pool issues and the Octoberists and progressive economists and the law and order and trade and industries parties have put in the field a "block" ticket. Nevertheless the Constitutional Democrats claim a certain and sweeping victory and the indications are they will carry the day. They enjoy the advantage of playing their cards above board, having openly announced that their delegates are pledged to vote for six of the following nine candidates for parliament: M. Kedrine, the well-known lawyer, M. Rodicheff, a member of the executive committee of the Bar association, M. Petrunkevitch, a brother of Ivan Petrunkevitch, the zemstvoist of Tver, M. Nabokoff, leader of the Liberal party, M. Hessen, editor of Rech, M. Vinevr, M. Perojivsky, M. Fedoroff and M. Kaarieff. The block on the contrary is carefully concealing the names of their parliamentary candidates and are contenting themselves with the publication of a list of their 160 candidates to the municipal congress. It is evident they fear that if the names are revealed the radicals will concentrate to defeat them by rallying to the [illegible] of [illegible] block.

Interests Pooled

The emperor and the liberty and integrity of Russia's party, a so-called party of democratic reforms has thrown in its lot with the Constitutional Democrats. The reactionaries realizing that it is too dangerous to be divided in strength have not placed a ticket in the field and will vote the block.

With the exception of the Novoe Vremya and the Slovo, which are supporting the block, all the newspapers have declared for the Constitutional Democrats. The Novoe Vremya viciously attacks the parliamentary candidates of the Constitutional Democrats, characterizing them as renegades and Poles. The city of St. Petersburg is divided into twelve districts each with a single polling place which elects from five to twenty delegates. The polls will be open from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

STRIKE IN COAL FIELDS

(Continued From Page 1)

[illegible] and are receiving their [illegible] supplies from the collieries and breakers. The miners and laborers throughout this district will generally refrain from working until such time as they are ordered back by the union.

Today and tonight the railroad companies were busy filling sidings leading to several of the large breakers with empty cars preparatory to making an attempt to run the work tomorrow. Notices were posted at some of the breakers announcing [illegible] be work [illegible] apply.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 1.—The [illegible] will be blown at the usual hour tomorrow morning as a matter of form. There will be practically no response to them on the part of the mine workers. It is expected that all classes of employes except firemen, engineers and pump runners who are not affected by the order will quit, including even those who do not favor a suspension of work.

All of the other big coal companies are following the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company in posting notices announcing that they stand ready to continue to operate under the provisions of the mine strike commission's award.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company operated four of its washeries with the regular forces of men [illegible] employed among them today.

There was a joint meeting of the Dunmore locals of the mine workers this afternoon at which it was decided that all company hands in addition to the steam men and engineers could work at repairs and putting the works in condition until further notice, providing of course that they mine no coal. The Dunmore men were surprised this morning to find the Erie company with guards and colored cooks on hand ready to go on duty tomorrow guarding the company's property. The company is to undertake at once the operation of No. [illegible] colliery in Dunmore [illegible] constructing the stockade around the breaker and erecting eating and lodging houses for the men who will work.

READING, Pa., April 1.—This was the usual busy Sunday on the main line of the Reading railway. Yesterday's product of mines of the Schuylkill region amounting to 1,600 carloads was sent through and this will have reached its destination by tomorrow.

Many empty cars have been rushed to the Schuylkill regions and these will be distributed to the collieries early in the morning in the belief that some of the mines will be in operation though the officials have no positive assurance on this point. Anthracite shipments to the west which have recently been heavy have been stopped and the company has concentrated its output entirely in the east. If the miners fail to report for work in the morning it is expected that in 48 hours the men in the coal-carrying trade will be laid off and this will be followed by curtailment of work at the shops all along the main line. Many foreign miners have passed through this city and there is a regular exodus from the anthracite region.

TAMAQUA, April 1.—Officials of the United Mine Workers today made a careful canvass among their men to ascertain whether any of them were likely to fail to obey the suspension order tomorrow. This evening they said they were positive every union man would remain away from the mines. The nonunion men they said will probably report for work but their number is not sufficiently large to permit the operation of any collieries in this district.

JOHNSTON, Pa., April 1.—In spite of notices posted by the Berwind-White Coal Mining company at Windber that the 3,000 bituminous miners employed there will be granted the 1903 scale, 1,000 or more union miners from Lloydell, Beaverdale, Dunlo and South Fork will march to Windber tomorrow and parade the streets. United Mine Workers officials have for several weeks been endeavoring to get the Berwind-White miners into the union but they have met with determined opposition from the company which declares they will close the mines before they will employ a union man. The parade is designed to encourage the men at Windber to come into the union.

DU BOIS, Pa., April 1.—The bituminous miners employed at all the workings of this vicinity held a meeting here this afternoon and were unanimous in their approval of the order issued by Patrick Gilday of District No. 2 that with the exception of firemen, engineer and pumpmen all other workmen about the mines should do no more work until after the conference of Tuesday.

ST. LOUIS, April 1.—The situation in Illinois across the river among the striking coal miners is reported quiet. There was no disturbance today and no trouble of any of the places vacated by miners at midnight last night.

Between East St. Louis and Belleville, fourteen miles east, scores of cars filled with bituminous coal are side-tracked by various railroads as a reserve.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., April 1.—All of the mines of the Fairmount soft coal region will work tomorrow as usual. The miners are taking no interest in the strike. On the other hand the men are looking forward to good work which will result from the trouble in other fields.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 1.—Of the 40,000 bituminous miners in West Virginia not over 5,000 are affiliated with the United Mine Workers. Of this 5,000

Today's Special Men's Gloves.

Driving or walking gloves of imported cape. [illegible] one clasp, soft and perfect fitting, a $1.50 value, manufactured expressly for us to start at $1.25. The new wood-[illegible] shades. Today 95c

[illegible]

about 1,500 are in the Panhandle district and have gone out. In the Norfolk & Western fields the miners are almost entirely outside the organization and the great bulk of men are continuing at work.

GREENSBURG, Pa., April 1.—The Keystone Coal and Coke company operating 1 mines in Westmoreland county has granted the miners an advance of 5.55 per cent.

KANSAS CITY, April 1.—Up to late tonight there had been no developments of interest in the coal mining districts in Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas and the territories, where the union men quit work late yesterday. Everywhere quiet was reported with no signs of trouble.

At South McAlester, I. T., where it was reported that some mines might be opened up with nonunion men, the operators announced tonight that they would make no effort to resume operations now.

Two hundred men working in the mines in the immediate vicinity of Tulsa, I. T., not affiliated with the miners' association will continue at work tomorrow as usual.

W. C. Perry, president of the Southwestern Coal Operators' association, who reached Kansas City last night from Indianapolis said today:

"Our offer to arbitrate is still open to the miners."

FORT WORTH, Texas, April 1.—Work in the coal mines of Texas stopped Saturday night and the situation is merely one of waiting to ascertain what will be the result.

As far as could be learned about 1,900 men quit work at Thurber, Strawn, Mount Sterling and Rock Creek. The number [illegible] at Bridgeport mines [illegible] be ascertained. There is little excitement.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 1.—All the Kentucky coal miners will be at work tomorrow as usual. The contracts for the eastern district do not expire until September 1. The signing of the agreement by the operators of the western district yesterday to pay the 1903 scale assured the continuance of mining throughout the state until September 1 at least.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 1.—According to advices received here tonight there will be no general tieup of the bituminous coal mines in Indiana. At Vincennes the Prospect Hill Coal company has announced that it will sign the 1903 scale and the operators at Bicknell it is reported have signified their willingness to do so. At Evansville the Diamond, Worsham, Newburg, Evansville, Banner and Sunnyside Coal companies will sign the 1903 scale and get to work as soon as possible.

COLUMBUS, April 1.—The executive board of the Ohio mine workers has been called to meet in Columbus next Tuesday to determine the policy of the Ohio miners with reference to signing wage contracts. Until the executive boards determine whether the miners of Ohio will be permitted to sign contracts with individual operators or whether they will stand as a unit for the 1903 scale the mines will remain idle. What attitude the Ohio mine officials will take cannot be predicted at this time.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 1.—Tomorrow all coal mines in the state will be idle, not only because of the strike, but because the men on that day will celebrate the eight-hour work day. About 50,000 men are on strike in Illinois.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 1.—President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers left for New York where he will meet the miners' representatives on the joint subcommittee of the anthracite operators and miners in preparation for a meeting of that body tomorrow.

NEW YORK, April 1.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, telegraphed to friends in this city today that he would arrive in New York late tomorrow. He will go at once to the Ashland house where the members of the scale committee will meet him.

Tuesday morning the conference of the joint committee of the anthracite miners and the operators will begin.

LUMBER STEAMER BADLY DAMAGED

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—The ship C. F. Sargent which sailed from Astoria, Oregon, March 12, for New York with a cargo of lumber put into this port today leaking badly. There was 34 inches of water in her hold.

After leaving Astoria the Sargent met a succession of gales and on March 19 in 44.30 n. 130 w. ran into a hurricane from the southeast under a goose wing main topsail. The storm threw the Sargent on her beam ends, shifting the cargo to starboard, straining the ship all over and starting planks on the deck next to the waterways.

I[illegible]PORT[illegible] S[illegible] [illegible] TO BE D[illegible] WI[illegible]

OTTAWA, Ont., April 1.—A. B. Aylesworth, minister of labor has received a telegram from the trades and labor council of Winnipeg asking him to send an alien law officer there to deal with cases of strike breakers alleged to have been imported from the United States by the Winnipeg Railway company. The department will investigate at once.

WILL TEST THE ELECTRIC LIGHTS

CANDLE POWER OF STREET LIGHTING LAMPS TO BE DETERMINED BY COLORADO COLLEGE PROFESSORS

Through the efforts of Mayor Henry C. Hall an arrangement has been made for three professors of Colorado college to meet G. A. Taff, president of the Pikes Peak Hydro-Electric company, who will issue an order permitting the professors to inspect and test the electric lights they please and at any time they please with a view to determining the candle power of each lamp.

Members of the college faculty who have agreed to do this work free of cost are [illegible] William Strieby, A. M. F. M. and Professor Armstrong of the electrical department. The work of testing the street lights will extend over a period of several weeks and a series of tests first will be made individually by the three professors. Later a series of tests will be made by the professors and representatives of the company. Results of the various tests will be checked and reported to the mayor.

The order issued by Mr. Taff will require a repair business to respond at once to any call sent in [illegible] hour of the night by the college committee to [illegible] company the committee [illegible] lower [illegible] street any lamp [illegible] be tested.

IN CONSTANT OPERATION

Concentrator at Wilcox Tunnel Has Run Steadily Since January

GEORGETOWN, Colo.—The concentrator at the Wilcox tunnel has been running almost constantly since the mill was started in January, no trouble having been experienced from cold weather. The water supply is derived from the tunnel, which is ample for all purposes. From 20 to 30 tons of ore is being hauled daily from the Commonwealth and Pavn[illegible] to the mill. An upraise is under way from the tunnel level on the Commonwealth vein to the surface, a distance of 700 feet. Seven drills are in operation in the tunnel drifting on veins.

DON'T PUT OFF

[illegible] till tomorrow [illegible] [illegible] off buying a bottle of Snow Liniment [illegible] You won't have [illegible] A positive cure for Rheumatism, Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Contracted Muscles, etc. [illegible] S. Graham, Prairie Grove, Ark., writes: I wish to thank you for the good results I received from Snow Liniment. It positively cured me of rheumatism after others had failed. Sold by [illegible] Arcularius Drug Co.

MYSTERIOUS ATTEMPT TO KILL CLERGYMAN

NEW YORK, April 1.—A mysterious attempt was made tonight at East Portchester, N. Y., to murder the Rev. John Kopp, pastor of the German Lutheran church, while on his way to the church where his wife was playing the organ. It is believed a hatchet was used in the attempt to kill the clergyman and such an instrument with blood on it was later found by the sheriff in the home of Albert De Paul, organist of the church. De Paul whose wife is choir leader is missing and the police have sent out a general alarm for his arrest. Mr. Kopp's condition tonight is critical.

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OUTBREAK IN CHINA REGARDED AS LOCAL

LONDON, April 1.—The Daily Telegraph's Tokio correspondent says that Premier Saionji, in an interview granted the Kobe Herald, regarded the outbreak in China as purely local and not indicative of an antiforeign spirit in the councils of the governing authorities. Marquis Saionji also said that both Russia and Japan were moving their troops home with reasonable celerity and that when that task was completed and the negotiations with China for the opening up of Manchuria were concluded the territory would be thrown open to the industry of all nations.

DENVER PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS TO STRIKE

DENVER, April 1.—The painters and paperhangers of the city to the number of 300 decided today to strike for an increase in wages. They will not go to work tomorrow. The president of the Chamber of Commerce addressed the men at their meeting and advised arbitration but adjournment was taken soon after without any action as to his suggestion.

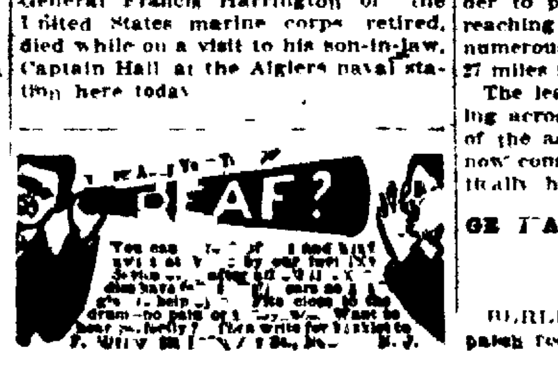
The scale of wages demanded is $4 for painters and $4.40 for paper hangers. A considerable minority in the meeting fought the strike proposition. The master painters say they welcome a strike as they wish to establish the open shop here.

FATHER GAPON SPEAKS

ST. PETERSBURG, April 1.—Father Gapon in a letter to the procurator says he is only living in St. Petersburg by tolerance and demands to be put on trial in order to defend his honor and legalize his status, or, if guilty, to be condemned.

[illegible] HARRINGTON DIES AT NEW ORLEANS

NEW ORLEANS, April 1.—Brig.-General Francis Harrington of the United States marine corps, retired, died while on a visit to his son-in-law, Captain Hall at the Algiers naval station here today.



AGREEMENT IS SATISFACTORY

FRANCE PLEASED WITH OUTCOME OF MOROCCAN CONFERENCE. BOURGEOIS WILL SPEAK

PARIS, April 1.—Foreign Minister Bourgeois at an early date will address the chamber of deputies setting forth the government's views as the result of the conference on Moroccan reforms at Algeciras.

The agreement is [illegible] with satisfaction by officials and the public press which was wearied of the prolonged controversy with the disturbing possibilities of war. The view in official quarters is that France secured a fair degree of success [illegible] regulations relating to the police and state bank. However, it is recognized that neither France or Germany has secured all that was wanted. France's desire to have control of the police was partly realized in her being allowed to police the important Atlantic ports including Mogador, which Germany was suspected as coveting, and also with her ally Spain to police Tangier and Casa Blanca.

On the other hand it is thought that Germany's desire to internationalize Morocco was partly realized as the Franco-Spanish police is subordinated to an inspector who will report to the diplomatic corps. Thus both countries in a measure were successful but each is so safeguarded that neither will be able to claim victory. France's pacific penetration of Morocco it is thought is remotely postponed as it is likewise to the dream of the vast northwest African empire. Aside from the details of the great achievement the official consideration is that the agreement between France and Germany assures the preservation of the peace of Europe.

LONDON, April 1.—The London newspapers in their editorial articles this morning welcome the settlement of the points in controversy between France and Germany over Morocco as removing the anarchical conditions in Morocco which have constituted a constant menace to the peace of Europe. They consider that although France may be disappointed in her aspirations for the pacific penetration she has secured all her immediate and solid interests in Morocco, besides establishing on a firmer basis than ever her prestige in Europe and that therefore she has no reason to be dissatisfied with the results of the conference.

YALE MEN ARRESTED

Police Compelled to Disperse With Clubs a Disorderly Crowd

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 1.—Police inquiry is being made into the cause of a lively disturbance which occurred early today just outside of police headquarters in which many scores of Yale undergraduates are thought to have taken part. Of late there has been a recrudescence of what are termed locally "town and gown" fights on the city streets, but none have been considered rough enough to warrant police interference until today.

Upon the outbreak of the trouble a squad of officers rushed out of police headquarters to disperse the crowd, which numbered several hundred men, boys and women. The officers were swept aside and roughly handled until they began to use their clubs and drove groups of the disturbers upon the New Haven green. Quiet was not restored until a hotel proprietor had promised to bail out four students who had been arrested. One student was picked up unconscious after the fight and taken to the police station.

The police are not certain whether the trouble was between student factions that had been turned out of nearby hotels or an attempt of students to "rush" a crowd of townspeople who had been at a social gathering in a public hall. Several women caught in the scrimmage were badly jostled.

COAL MINERS CALM

No Further Disorders Among the French Strikers

LENS, France, April 1.—The striking coal miners of this district were comparatively calm today. There is however great indignation against the Bruay miners who continue working notwithstanding the threats of violence. The troops have been reinforced in that vicinity in order to prevent collisions but no display of force has been made.

The body of Botel, the striker killed yesterday by Carron, the man who refused to join the strikers and was in consequence attacked at his home near Lens, was conveyed for burial to a distant village for the purpose of avoiding violent demonstrations.

Several strikers' meetings were held today in the course of which the determination was expressed to insist upon the demands that have been made.

The companies have not replied to the request for a resumption of negotiations. Minister of Public Works Barthou arrived at Courrieres today and distributed the decorations awarded to the miners who were taken from the pit last Friday. There was a touching ceremony at the hospitals where the miners are under treatment.

The minister afterwards wearing a miner's working costume descended into the mine from which the survivors escaped and made a thorough examination of it. He witnessed the recovery of several bodies.

PREVENTING ARMS FROM REACHING THE CARLISTS

BARCELONIA, April 1.—The gunboat Pinzon is cruising off Barcelona in order to prevent arms and ammunition reaching the Carlists. There have been numerous seizures of rifles at Monistrol, 27 miles northwest of Barcelona.

The leaders of the agitation are fleeing across the frontier in consequence of the activity of the authorities, who now consider that the movement practically has been stamped out.

GERMAN DETACHMENT MEETS WITH DISASTER

BERLIN, April 1.—An official dispatch received from German southwest Africa confirms the reported disaster to a German detachment consisting of an officer and sixteen men. The dispatch says that on March 26 the Hottentots attacked a convoy of empty wagons between Ukamas and the eastern frontier and killed Lieut. Keller and ten troopers belonging to the escort and burned the wagons.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF K. OF P. MAY BE AMENDED

RICHMOND, Ind., April 1.—Supreme Chancellor Charles E. Shiveley of the Knights of Pythias has placed in the hands of James E. Watson, congressman from the sixth Indiana district, a bill amending the articles of incorporation of the supreme lodge so that the supreme lodge may take and hold real estate and personal property in any amount. The charter now provides that the supreme lodge may hold property not exceeding in value $100,000. The bill will be presented at this session of congress.

MISSOURI TO MINE COAL FOR STATE INSTITUTIONS

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 1.—Governor Folk through Warden Matt Hall of the state penitentiary here, has leased a mine near Waverly from which coal will be mined during the present strike in sufficient quantities to supply the 15 state institutions with fuel. The miners at Waverly are paid more than the regular scale and do not want to strike. If they should be forced to go out Warden Hall said today there would be no difficulty in operating the mine if the state is forced to resort to that extremity.

FATHER JOHN SARGIEFF IS ATTACKED IN CATHEDRAL

CRONSTADT, April 1.—Father John Sargieff, better known as Father John of Cronstadt, was attacked in the cathedral here today while descending from the altar to administer the sacrament. His assailant struck at him with a loaded cane, but Father John dodged the blow which smashed the cup. The man was arrested. The penalty for violation of the sacrament in Russia is death.

REVOLUTIONISTS TO DECLARE A STRIKE

WARSAW, April 1.—The revolutionists here have announced their intention to declare a general strike in order to prevent the government from contracting a new loan.

ARMY OFFICERS ARRESTED

ST. PETERSBURG, April 1.—A dispatch received here from Chita, Siberia, says that several army officers, including the Cossack colonel, Golovacheff, have been arrested.

8 RIO GRANDE TRAINS TO DENVER,
4 45 a. m., 8 20, 9 05, 10 35, 2.00 p. m., 3 25, 6 10, 7 20
TO PUEBLO 8.
10 30 a. m., 11 05, 12 05 noon, 4 10 p. m., 7.10, 9 30, 10 35, 12 35 night

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HOUSE GETS INTO MUDDLE BY SLIPSHOD BUSINESS METHODS

Radical Reformation of Procedure May Result---Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill Causes All the Trouble---Congressman Brooks Wins Victory Over Longworth.

BY OSCAR KING DAVIS.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The telegraph has probably been dribbling out to you for the last few days little items about the struggle that is going on [illegible] house over the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. That it is most probable that it has not told the story of what the row is all about. It started as a mere petty scheme of getting even, adopted by a man who felt that he had been aggrieved by some of the men he is now harassing, but it has developed into a demonstration of the slipshod way of doing business into which the house has been gradually falling for a long period of years. What the result will be cannot now be predicted. It may amount to nothing more than a flash in the pan. On the other hand it may bring about a radical reformation of house procedure.

When the house committees were appointed soon after the opening of the session last December, Speaker Cannon sent to the chairmanship of the committee on appropriations Tawney, of Minnesota, a man who had had long experience in the house, but who was not a member of the appropriations committee. Tawney started in at once to sweep his new room very clean. It was announced that all appropriations would be scrutinized with exceeding care, and particularly the work of the other committees, such as military and naval affairs, which prepare the appropriation bills for their respective establishments.

The Fight on Appropriations.

In pursuance of this intention, when the military appropriation bill came up for passage in the house, several members of the appropriations committee went after it with all their might. It is one of the rules of the house that no provision of a general appropriation bill may change existing law or enact new legislation. Several items of the military appropriation bill were found to violate this rule. They increased the pay of certain clerks or increased the number of employees of certain divisions of the war department. Two or three were entirely new, such as that for the purchase of a cable ship for use by the signal corps.

To all these items the appropriations committee members raised the point of order, and despite the earnest appeals and fervent arguments of members of the committee on military affairs, the items were stricken from the bill. The bill as a whole, however, was not badly mutilated, and the military affairs committee decided to let it go to the senate as it was, without attempting to restore the lost provisions in the house. They knew that the senate would fix them up, and [illegible] comes back it will be in conference where there are no points of order.

But some of the members of the military affairs committee decided that raising points of order was a game at which more than one could play. So they waited patiently until the appropriations committee brought in the legislative, executive and judicial bill. Then they set out for a field day. Mr. Prince, of Illinois, was their champion. He was simply getting square for what had been done to his committee bill, and at the start had no notion of the far-reaching effect of his work. He had with him young Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia, who, having a hard fight on for renomination, is desirous of making a record for activity and economy.

Prepared for Action.

As soon as the reading of the bill under the five-minute rule began, Hardwick and Prince moved to the front and prepared for action. The bill first takes the appropriations for the senate, its pay, mileage and clerical service as well as incidental and contingent expenses. All this they permitted to go by without a word of protest. But as soon as the house was reached they began to raise the point of order. Not an item escaped, and as a result they struck out the salary of the doorkeeper and sergeant-at-arms the first thing, because the appropriations committee had attempted to increase each.

At first the members of the appropriations committee fought gallantly against the riddling of their bill. They argued and pleaded. They contended ingeniously that their proposals were authorized by law. But it was all in vain. Prince and Hardwick were adamant, and the items went out, one by one, until the bill began to look more like a sieve than an appropriation bill. Then the appropriations committee men took a new tack. When an increase was howled out they did not try to insert what it should have been. They simply let it go. And when the day was ended they announced that after the reading of the bill had been completed they would get a special rule from the committee on rules restoring all the items to the bill.

How Things Will Work Out.

The meaning of that is this: the committee on rules is the machinery by which the speaker's organization, which is, in fact, the operative control of the house, will report a rule making it in order, despite the regular rule, to carry these provisions in this particular appropriation bill. Then the party whip will be cracked and the huge Republican majority will be required to pass the special rule. After that the items

(Continued on Page 4.)

MISS ELISBETH BREWER
With Dora Thorne Company, Who Will Appear at the Opera House Next Friday and Saturday Evening and Saturday Matinee.

THE HEAVENS IN APRIL

BY PROF. ERIC DOOLITTLE,
Astronomer of the University of Pennsylvania.

By far the most interesting part of the sky this month is the region toward the west. The brightest constellations are there all crowded together between the zenith and the ground, while the whole eastern half of the heavens is filled with the first of the fainter-shining groups. The Milky Way also adds to the great beauty of the western sky, stretching along just a little above the ground all the way from the north to the south points of the horizon.

But the most interesting objects will doubtless be the planets, the bright "Wandering Stars" as the ancients called them, which may be seen moving rapidly among the stars of the bright winter constellations. By the end of the month three of them will have drawn close together, their meeting place being the most interesting part of the entire heavens. In one little region of the sky there may be seen the beautiful Hyades, with the Pleiades a short distance above them, while the three bright planets will lie nearly midway between these two groups, stretching in a straight line from the east to west. So brilliant a spectacle is quite unusual. The winter sky attains the greatest beauty just as it is leaving us.

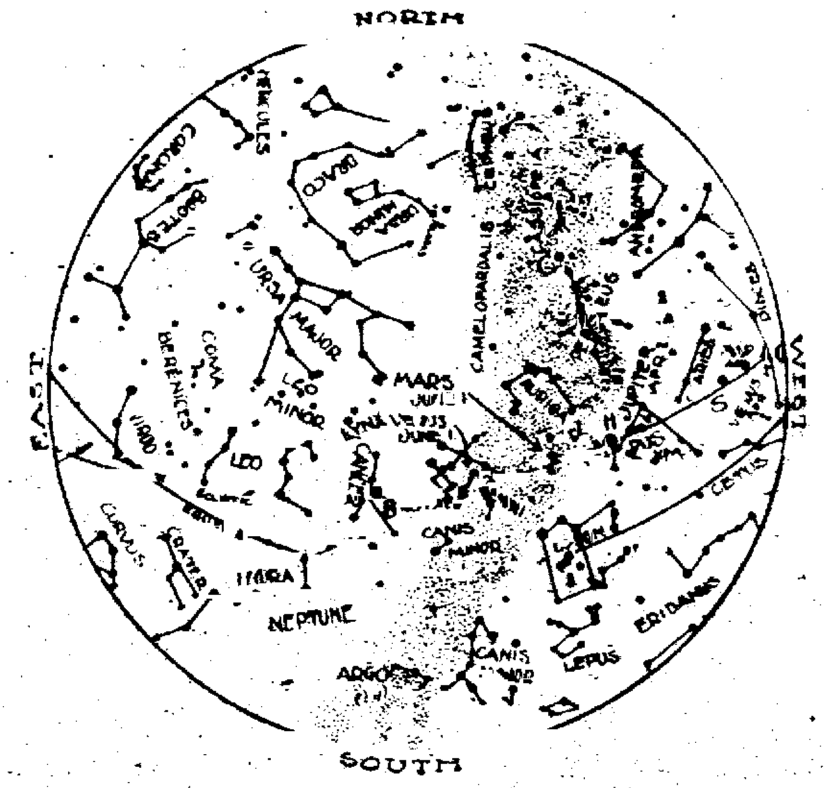


Fig. 1. The Constellations at 7 P. M., March 1.

First of all there is the little red planet Mars, which has been with us for so many months. On April 1, it may be seen just below Aries, as shown in figure 1, and as the weeks go by it will move rapidly eastward, reaching N, Fig. 1, April 30, and M, by June 1. It is as if Mars were running away from the sun, to stay with us as long as possible. The sun is moving toward the east, passing along the path S F among the stars, but moves a little faster than Mars does. Thus Mars sets a little earlier each evening: on April 1, it sets at 8:45 p. m. and on April 30 at 8:40 p. m. The sun will not finally overtake and pass the planet until July 15.

Though Mars is thus nicely visible for an hour or two after sunset, it is each evening drawing farther away from the earth, and is therefore growing fainter. If examined with a small telescope it will appear very far from round as in Figure 2. Possibly the bright little snow cap may be seen, and a few of the larger markings, but the planet is too far away for the fainter details to be visible. It will be remembered that Mars is more nearly like the earth than any of the other planets. Yet it is much smaller. Its diameter is only about half that of the earth. On this account its attraction for bodies on its surface is much less. A man who weighs 150 pounds on the earth would only weigh 57 pounds on Mars, if he could jump five feet high here he could jump [illegible] on the other earth.

The Planet Venus.

If the observer will look toward the west soon after sunset [illegible] above the part of the horizon where he has seen the sun go down [illegible] detect a most beautiful [illegible] star. This is the planet Venus [illegible] evening will mount higher [illegible] in the sky until [illegible] become the most brilliant [illegible] heavens. From this [illegible] November Venus will be [illegible] ing star.

On April 1 the planet [illegible] constellation Pisces, [illegible] shown in Figure 1. [illegible] about one hour after sunset [illegible] 30, it will pass under the [illegible] Figure 1, and by June [illegible] moved entirely across the [illegible] Gemini. Venus will pass below Mars on May 5. The two planets will then look like a bright double star to the naked eye, while in a small telescope they may both be seen close together in the field. The sight will not only be a beautiful one, but it will afford a valuable opportunity to compare the lustres and colors of the two planets.

If examined with the telescope, the planet will look as in Figure 3. As the months go on it will approach the crescent phase, becoming half full as in Figure 4, on September 20 and a very narrow, brilliant crescent (Fig. 5), on October 24. It will then appear nearly six times as large as at present.

The cause of the remarkable changes in the apparent size and shape of Venus is shown by Figure 6. At present Venus is at A, and to see it we must look past the sun, entirely across its orbit, a distance of 160,000,000 miles. On September 20, the planet will be at B, and on October 24 at C. It will then be only 26,000,000 miles away, and will therefore look six times as large as it looks now. Only the half of the planet which is turned toward the sun is illuminated. As the planet is now at A, we are looking on the illuminated half, and the planet looks nearly round. When the planet reaches C, its illuminated side will be almost entirely turned away from us; the planet will then appear to us a narrow crescent.

Venus is very nearly of the same size as the earth, its diameter is but 200 miles less, and its weight four-fifths as much. But we know practically nothing of the conditions on this planet. Certain dark markings which have been at times seen on the disc may possibly be continents and oceans, or they may be rifts in a heavy, dense atmosphere which surrounds the planet. On this it is impossible, as yet to decide.

The Other Planets.

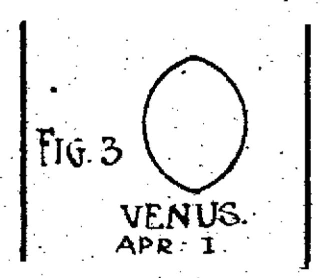
Jupiter is still in the constellation Taurus. Like Mars and Venus, it is moving eastward, but so slowly that both of these planets are rapidly overtaking it. The swiftly moving Venus will pass Jupiter [illegible] May 12, Jupiter being then one degree south of Venus; similarly, Mars will pass it on May 20, Jupiter being one degree six minutes south of Mars. The interesting eastward motion of these three planets will well repay observation.

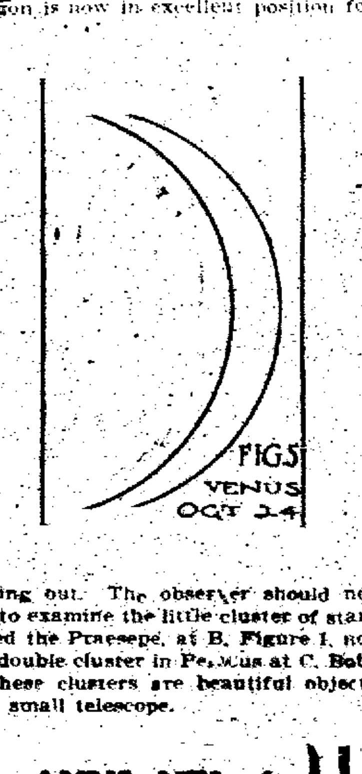
Neptune is in the constellation Gemini in the position shown in Figure 1. This body is also moving eastward among the stars but as it occupies 165 years in making the journey around the celestial spheres, its position hardly changes appreciably during a single month.

Fig. 2. Mars, April 1.

The Constellations.

By 9 o'clock in the evening the large summer group, Virgo, is entirely above the ground in the east, while the two bright stars of Libra, or the Balances, are just rising. Above Virgo, the group Bootes, or the Driver, stretches all the way from the equator to the Dragon, while below Bootes in the northeast the beautiful and delicate Northern Crown has now appeared. The Great Dipper is nearly overhead, and north of this the long faint constellation of the Dragon is now in excellent position for tracing out. The observer should not fail to examine the little cluster of stars called the Praesepe, at B, Figure 1, nor the double cluster in Perseus at C. Both of these clusters are beautiful objects in a small telescope.





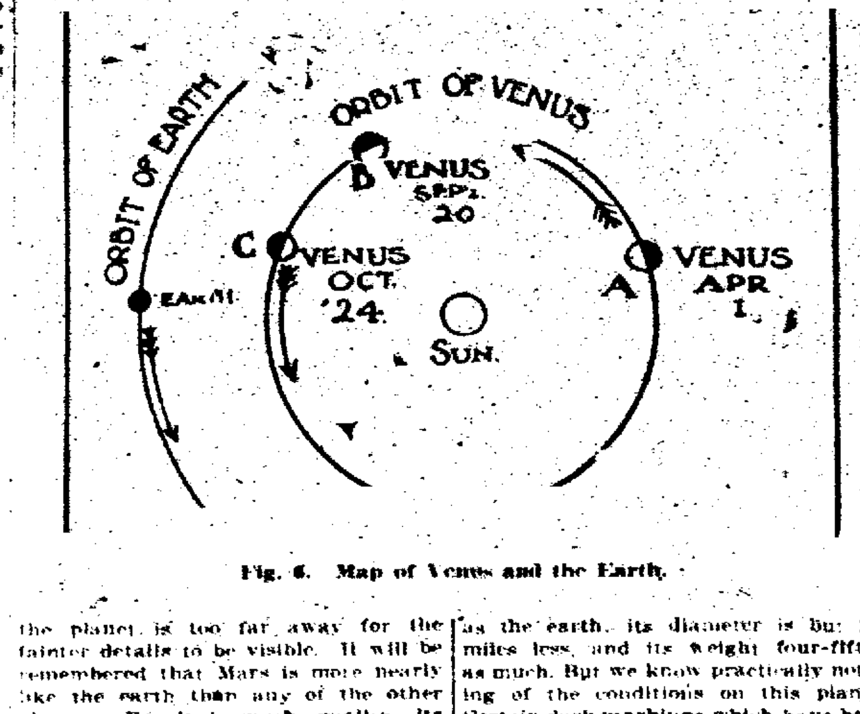
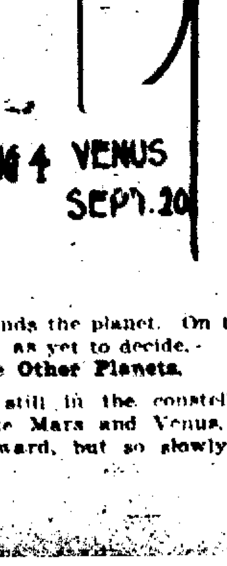


Fig. 6. Map of Venus and the Earth.



A Sign

of poor blood circulation is shortness of breath after walking, going up stairs, sweeping, singing, excitement, anger, fright, etc. Poor blood circulation means a sick heart, and a sick heart is a result of weak and impoverished nerves.

Every one knows the results of poor blood circulation, but everybody does not know that the quickest and safest treatment is Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. If you find these symptoms present, you should procure a bottle of

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It will cure, and at a very little expense, compared with doctor's bills. We are so sure of it, that if first bottle does not benefit, your druggist will return your money.

"My husband had palpitation of the heart very bad, doctored with physicians, who failed to help him. He took Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nervine, and is entirely cured."

MRS. J. M. RAVEL, Reading, Pa.

AMUSEMENTS

M. JEAN GERARDY AT PERKINS HALL TONIGHT

M. Jean Gerardy makes the violoncello interesting. Its tone is full of antithetical beauties. It is rich and yet clear, powerful and yet delicate. The mysteries of tone have not been solved, but there is always a close connection between the temperament of a man and the quality of tone he produces, and this is even so with pianists, although there is a complex mechanism between the player and the strings. At any rate, M. Gerardy as an artist is shadowed in the quality of tone he produces. He has a full-blooded sympathy with melody, and yet he never is guilty of sentimental exaggeration. We can make such a work as Goltermann's Concerto in A minor, a composition which is informed with a rather mawkish melodiousness, sound quite noble in emotion, and yet the eighteenth century grace of Boccherini's Sonata in A, No. 6, is realized by him with that living expressiveness which gives new birth to old music. Bach's Air in G was full of dignity, and I thought the playing irreproachable in taste, full of the proper sentiment, and yet never sentimental. But why carry the catalog to its end? It is enough that Gerardy is without exception the greatest 'cellist of my day. I remember Piatti well—Gerardy is less dry, and his taste is just as refined; also he has all that Becker possesses, and something beyond, a keener emotion, and a more beautiful tone.—London Daily News, March 15, 1906.

"DORA THORNE."

The next attraction at the Opera house will be the popular play "Dora Thorn," presented by a select company. They will give three performances, Friday and Saturday and Saturday matinee.

"Dora Thorne," a dramatized novel of the present season, marks a new departure in melodrama. The story of the play follows the book accurately enough to permit the use of the title, but the playwright has chosen the incidents and happenings with excellent taste, and woven them into a play that is interesting in the extreme. The audience cannot help but engage themselves sympathetically with every turn of the fortunes of "Dora Thorne," a girl whom the English would call "low born," who won the affection of and married the duke's son. The resultant plot may be mapped out, but the treatment of her natural girlish exuberance in contrast to the habitual reserve and repression of the manner aristocratic, must be seen to be appreciated. A large share of the success of the performance is due to the cast, which is strong throughout.

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FAMOUS CELLIST
RECITAL
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Personal Mention

Dr. S. Edwin Solly, who suffered a nervous breakdown a few days ago, is improving.

Captain H. P. Macloon, who has been a resident of the Printers home for several years, has gone to Los Angeles, Cal.

General William J. Palmer, who has been confined to his home by an attack of the grip for several days, is reported to be recovering rapidly.

Frank H. Dunnington left for San Francisco yesterday to attend to business in connection with his mining interests in the Bullfrog district. He will be absent about ten days.

JUST BECAUSE

your cough is only in the throat and does not trouble you now, don't think that it needs no attention. When it has not had much of a start is the time to check it. The slightest cough easily leads to Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Consumption. A bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup will cure that cough. The price puts it within reach of all. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

8 RIO GRANDE TRAINS

TO DENVER.

6:45 a. m., 8:20, 9:05, 10:25, 2:05 p. m., 3:35, 6:10, 7:20.

TO PUEBLO 8.

10:30 a. m., 11:05, 12:06 noon, 4:10 p. m., 7:10, 9:30, 10:35, 12:25 night.

A ROCKEFELLER WHO LAUGHS.

William G. Rockefeller, the nephew of the great oil king, and who is looked upon as the future head of the Standard Oil company, is the only one of the family who appears to take the least enjoyment of life. John D. and his son, John, Jr., seldom smile or laugh. Not so with William G. Rockefeller. One of his chief characteristics is his laugh. It is all the more striking on account of the solemn sobriety of the other members of the billion-dollar family. He is nearly six feet tall and has well-developed figure.

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The Gazette is the only newspaper in Colorado Springs which receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week.

MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1906.

THE IMMIGRATION MENACE.

IN THE year 1881 the United States received a total of thirteen immigrants from Austria-Hungary, 129 from Russia, and 954 from Italy. This morning's Associated Press dispatches state on the authority of the New York Department of Labor that during the last three months of 1905 there were 164,540 alien arrivals at the port of New York, an increase of 9,000 over the record-breaking figures of the same period for the previous year.

These figures give some idea of the rate at which immigration has grown in the last half century, but the subject can be thoroughly understood only by a careful study of statistical tables. The three nations which are referred to as having sent us together only about one thousand of their people in 1861, now contribute an overwhelming majority of the one million or more aliens who are dumped on our shores each year, but the fact of numbers is in itself of little importance. The real significance of the matter lies in the generally undesirable character of the Slav, Slovak and Italian immigrants. They never have been, and probably never will be, thoroughly digested. The truth of this statement is borne out by recently-published figures showing the increasing number of aliens who return to their native lands after a brief stay in this country.

Hundreds of thousands of Italian peasants come to the United States, work for two or three years as coal miners or railroad laborers, at wages several times greater than they could earn at home, and then return to their native land independently rich, according to their own standard. These people have been of no real benefit to this country. They have contributed nothing to its national life and very little to its industrial wealth; indeed, when the amount of money which they take away with them is balanced against the fruits of their labor, it is apparent they have been an actual drain on the country. They are mere nomads, sojourning for a time within our country, but not a part of it.

The United States can never have too many immigrants of the type so well represented by the Germans and Scandinavians. Almost without exception they come with the fixed intention of being naturalized in every sense of the term: they learn our language, adopt our customs, educate their children in our public schools, accumulate property, and enter into every phase of our national life. Their names have been conspicuous in American politics, literature, art, and business affairs since the period of extensive immigration began, and thus they have been a source of great strength to the nation. This is true of all of the Northern European people except the Russians, but how often do we hear of an Italian, a Hungarian, a Russian or a native of Southeastern Europe attaining distinction in this country?

The New York Department of Labor bulletin above referred to states that of the 140,000 immigrants over the age of fourteen who arrived during the last quarter of 1905, more than one-fourth could neither read nor write. It is hard to see wherein the United States is gaining any real benefit from the admission of more than a million aliens of this kind each year, but there is no indication that the tide will subside, or that relief will be obtained until Congress erects a barrier in the shape of a new and more stringent immigration law.

COMPARATIVE NAVAL STRENGTH.

"INSURANCE against war" is a common phrase as applied to the Navy, but not many people have figured out the cost of this insurance to see whether or not the $100,000,000 which we are now spending annually for sea power is yielding an adequate return. This calculation has been made by Mr. W. S. Meriwether, and it forms an interesting feature of a recent article on "Why We Need a Bigger Navy," contributed by him to Harper's Weekly.

Our foreign commerce now reaches the colossal total of $2,500,000,000, and if the nation should become involved in a long-continued and disastrous war this would be reduced, comparatively speaking, to almost nothing. So the insurance expenditure of one hundred millions a year for the Navy may be considered a very low premium—about 4 per cent, or one-third the amount which the country pays each year for protection against fire. It is but 14 per cent of the total annual expenditures of the Government—a smaller percentage than was devoted to this purpose a century ago. Compared with the aggregate wealth of the nation, the Navy costs now only one-tenth of one per cent.

Mr. Meriwether makes several comparisons between the naval strength of this country and that of the leading European nations. The battleship is now considered the prime factor in sea power, and measured by this standard the nations rank as follows: Great Britain, 53; France, 19; Germany, 16; Italy, 13; United States, 12; Russia, 7; Japan, 5. It should be explained, however, that though the United States now has only twelve first-class battleships in commission, several new ones are now nearing completion and before the end of the present year we will probably have no fewer than twenty ready for duty. Russia, which before the late war held third place in the battleship list, is now reduced to sixth place.

In a comparison of armored cruisers the Powers now rank as follows: Great Britain, 24; France, 19; Japan, 8; United States, 6; Italy, 6; Germany, 4; Russia, 3. In point of tonnage the nations stand: Great Britain, 1,537,682; France, 814,945; Germany, 415,824; United States, 386,428; Italy, 261,411; Japan, 253,401; Russia, 226,780. This puts the United States fourth, or next after Germany, which may now be considered our real rival in naval as well as commercial affairs. But when present building programs have been completed the line-up will be entirely different. Captain Schroeder, chief intelligence officer of the Navy, gives the following figures: Great Britain, 1,596,135; France, 798,365; United States, 688,973; Germany, 589,100; Russia, 337,628; Italy, 328,221; Japan, 304,891. Thus the United States will be a close third to France and about 100,000 tons in the lead of Germany.

These figures are based on the supposition that there will be no immediate change in the naval programs of the various Powers, but it is certain that if important changes should be made the United States would not be slow to follow the example. Already it is proposed to build two or three battleships of at least 15,000 tons displacement, an idea inspired, no doubt, by the furor created in naval circles by the launching of the British leviathan Dreadnought, the biggest warship in the world.

Even the opponents of the naval expansion policy must admit that the United States can not permit itself to be outclassed in this matter by the nations of Europe. So far as numerical strength and tonnage are concerned, the highest mark aimed at in this country is to keep a little ahead of Germany; leaving Great Britain and France out of consideration, but in point of size and quality our ships ought to be at least equal to those of any other Power in the world. If this object is to be attained, the United States must get to work in a hurry, for already Germany, France and Japan are planning new battleships even larger than the Dreadnought.

The opinions of various citizens on the Hydro-Electric case, as published in The Gazette this morning, indicate that the people generally are awakening to the supreme importance of this matter, and the Council caucus on the question of engaging additional legal aid shows that that body, too, is not asleep. Compared with the protection of our water supply, all other civic questions sink into insignificance. Water is our most vital concern. Our system as it stands today represents the expenditure of vast sums of money and probably the best effort of successive city governments for thirty-five years. The Hydro-Electric company holds a franchise which entitles it to the use of city water for power—and nothing more. It can not be permitted to waste or pollute this water, or in any other way to violate its franchise; on the other hand, the city must be equally scrupulous in the observance of its obligations. This much, it is certain, would be insisted upon by any court before which the matter might be brought, but the case has already passed this stage and the holders of the franchise are now fighting for the right to perpetuate their violations. The absurdity of this position is evident, and if there is any truth in the maxim that "law is common sense," the city's ultimate victory is assured. But nevertheless the city can not afford to take anything for granted; it must fight, and fight hard if its rights are to be protected.

The escape from the French coal mine in which the recent disaster occurred, of thirteen men who had been imprisoned for twenty days, is properly being made the subject of severe criticisms of the authorities in charge of the rescue work. It is charged that salvage operations were not attempted in the part of the mine from which these men emerged, and as a consequence of this neglect, innumerable lives were lost. The first reports showed the Courrieres disaster to be one of the worst in the history of mining, for no fewer than 1,200 men perished in it, but this later revelation adds tremendously to the horror. It is plain that a grave responsibility rests upon the officials who relaxed their efforts to rescue the imprisoned miners before they were sure that all hope had vanished.

In his letter published in The Gazette yesterday, headed "What Mountain Did Pike Climb?" Mr. T. B. Pyles raises an interesting and not unimportant question. For some unexplained reason it has always been generally believed that the mountain which Pike and his men ascended in their effort to reach the summit of the highest peak was Cheyenne Mountain, but it seems quite clear, from the evidence presented by Mr. Pyles, that this impression is erroneous. Indeed, there is nothing in the explorer's diary to support the accepted belief, and just how it gained currency is a mystery. The only evidence obtainable is that furnished by the diary, and it would be well for the monument committee to investigate further before placing an inscription on the pedestal which, as Mr. Pyles says, is contradicted by Pike himself.

It is announced that millions of braconidae, chalcididae and proctotrupidae will be distributed in Boston this spring to fight the gypsy and brown-tail moths. Those delightful, mouth-filling polysyllables will be a source of infinite joy to Boston, even if the beasts themselves fail to gobble up a single brown-tail.

The settlement at Algeciras recognizes the principles for which Germany contended, and the facts for which France stood. Having emerged from this affair unscathed, the Kaiser will now devote his energies to finding something else to quarrel about.

Dowie's successor in Zion City declares that the world is growing worse every day. It is not surprising that the Dowieites take a pessimistic view of life since "Elijah III" got away with all their money.

Hearst's order that Bryan's name shall not be mentioned in any of the Hearst newspapers suggests that it would save the Hearst compositors a lot of work if the name of the proprietor of those papers were similarly eliminated from their columns.

Seven hundred and twenty million American cigarettes were exported to China last year. China is awakening from the sleep of centuries, and like the true cigarettist, calls for a "pill" the very first thing.

The striking coal miners have a relief fund of $2,500,000 to draw on. Won't the rich and prosperous coal miners please raise a relief fund for the benefit of the dear public?

LIEUT. PIKE'S DIARY

For One Hundred Years Ago Today

Wednesday, 2d April, 1806. We killed one deer and two partridges. The boat began to move opposite the fort at the foot of the rapids but continued damaged up below. Received six boats from my hunting camp. Launched our canoe and brought her down.

THE ELKINS INDICTMENT.

It is not only in Iowa that Senator Elkins is looked upon as the leading defender of railroad injustice. Long before Governor Cummins branded the West Virginian as an enemy of the people they knew him as the author of the Elkins anti-rebate bill, which was enough to give him a bad name if he were not in fact a beneficiary of the coal monopoly against which his own State is now in revolt, and if he were not the leader of the movement to defeat federal rate regulation.

Every word of Governor Cummins' scathing denunciation of Elkins is true. It did not require the testimony of Governor Cummins to prove that the farcical "hearing" held last summer by the senate committee of which Elkins is chairman was closed against the public. Other witnesses than the governor of Iowa saw the open coaching of Elkins by the attorney of the syndicated railroads. Other witnesses then Cummins were bulldozed and insulted by Elkins and his associates on the committee. That fake "hearing" was held to pack the record of congress in favor of the railroads and to promote the railroad propaganda against legislation at the expense of the people.

Other states than Iowa have raised their voices in angry protest against the treachery of Elkins. His own state, through its governor and its citizens, have repudiated him and his colleague, N. B. Scott. The independent coal operators, who can get no square deal through the agency of Elkins' hunco rebate law, have taken their appeal to the senator of another state. They write to Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, saying that they consider him their senator since the misrepresentatives of West Virginia are deaf to their pleas for succor.

It is not only the senators who have been indicted or sentenced that are in disrepute in the whole country and despised by the public where they are best known—at home. It is not only those who have been caught buying their seats or who are generally believed to have acquired their commissions unfairly that have lost the respect of the public. Messrs. Lodge and Jerome and other defenders of the senate do very well to stick to the broadest generalities when they portray the United States senate as a patriotic body. There are not less than a score of senators, and this does not include those convicted of crime, whom Mr. Lodge would find it difficult to defend, each in turn, before the jury of the people.

And the fact, which damns the senate, though statesmen and patriots are undoubtedly to be found in its membership, is that these traitors control the most important committees. Less than a handful of senators who have not only lost the confidence of the nation, but have been branded for their unfaithfulness by the people of their own states, are in absolute command of the legislative machinery of the senate and master it for the interests they represent. This was never more vividly and humiliatingly illustrated than in the case of the rate bill, where the hand that is guiding the Roosevelt program to certain destruction is the hand of Stephen B. Elkins.—New York Press.

Colorado Comment

MINING AND MACHINERY.

Machinery progress has assisted mining. It has made it more economical. It has added to its value as an industry. And mining has made machinery progress possible. It has given the incentive. The capital that has been brought to the hills, has given the industry every cause for advancement. And both volume and interest in any line will call for certain improvements. Some of these are understood. Others are only apparent after years of experience. Mining machinery has been evolved to meet the needs that mining has originated. It has not been the cause of that mineral progress.

The mining machinery business and promotion of mining industries should not keep so persistently apart. They have much in common; everything in common. If the machinery business possesses a certain dignity, mining has been largely responsible for that dignity.—Daily Mining Record.

PENITENTIARY BENEFITS.

The state penitentiary is by no means an unmixed benefit to the town, but the unanimous decision of the city council to employ the convicts on our streets reconciles one to its presence. With the meager appropriation of three thousand dollars possible toward the care of our streets, nine hundred of which goes to the street commissioner and five hundred toward bridge construction and repairs, really only fifteen hundred is available for work on our streets. With only the cost to us of two dollars a day for a guard, we can have the use of at least one hundred dollars worth of labor a day and, at almost no outlay, have streets without a rival in the state. Nothing will so attract the well-to-do tourist as fine roadways, and with their advent, prosperity will shine upon us all. Of course, were a large appropriation possible, free men should be given the benefit of the constructive labor but, as it is not possible, and is only a question of having clean, smooth streets, or uncared-for, filthy ones, we may well congratulate ourselves on this easy means of procuring the former.—Canon City Cannon.

Near to Nature

"LUCKY BILL'S" EPITAPH.

"Lucky Bill" Thompson, who was killed in a snowslide at Silverton, had loved a woman and failed to win her, but Bill will not care now. He was a good fellow, whether he was an Elk or not; a little thrifty but not crabby, he had done as much as most men do with the same opportunity. He could not spell good but did quite as well as those who spell the best. He had never done anything to suggest that he was lucky until it occurred to the fertile brain of another that he might get lucky. Bill had been cowboy and miner and done the best he could, and the best part of his life was that ambition he had to find or make a mine, and he left mining property which may help some little sister or brother, or possibly an old mother. Bill was one of the people who had accepted the serious responsibilities involved in building and changing the west, and he was a good fellow.—Durango Herald.

ALL THE NEWS FIT ABOUT CARLON'S FIGHT.

Henry Carlon, who resides twenty-five miles up Crooked River, had seventy-five pure-blooded chickens in his hen house recently. One night recently he heard his dog barking at some length, but as a high wind was blowing he thought the dog was disturbed on that account, and did not go out to ascertain the cause. Next morning he arose at about 5 o'clock, and on going out found his dog sitting quietly by the broken glass window of the hen house. He thought this action peculiar, and opened the hen house door, when a large wildcat leaped onto his breast and hurled him to the ground. Mr. Carlon gathered himself together and made for the house, where he got his gun, and returned to the fray, to find the cat serenely awaiting him. One shot dispatched the varmint. On taking a look in the hen house Mr. Carlon was confronted by a pile of dead chickens which the cat had killed and heaped up. Every one of the seventy-five choice fowls had been killed and placed in the heap. Mr. Carlon would be glad to sell the cat's hide for a sum equal to value to the chickens.—Prineville (Ore.) Journal.

Only Science Can Save World from Starvation.

WITHOUT NITRATES, HUMANITY IN 21ST CENTURY WOULD PERISH FROM LACK OF FOOD.

IS Sir William Crookes a mere alarmist? He declares that unless science comes to his aid the world will be depopulated in the 21st century. It is no devastating plague that threatens to carry off millions, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger, no vague, inscrutable terror which is expected to cast a spell of death over continents, but so commonplace a contingency as starvation that may have to be faced a hundred or two hundred years hence.

Sir William Crookes, physicist and chemist, is eminent authority. It may seem to some persons like an echo of Malthus to say to the world, "Look out! you will starve to death," but the reasons underlying the warnings of modern scientists are based upon facts which could not have been known to the sociologist who propounded his theory more than a hundred years ago. Overpopulation plays a lesser part in the new theory than the reckless waste of nitrogen in the soil by careless agriculture, and the rapid consumption of the earth's supply of nitrates.

The Race Would Starve.

It would be most disastrous for the world to find itself without nitrates. Gradually, but surely, the race would die of lack of food. The drying up of nations and people would not lack dramatic features. Cities would become deserted, sky-scrapers fall in ruins and the end of man would follow.

The basis for these reflections is very simple. The nitrates are salts essential to the diet of wheat, and wheat is the chief food of most of mankind. Now the element in a nitrate which is essential for the growth of the green plant is nitrogen. Although the plant, like ourselves, lives in an atmosphere which is four-fifths nitrogen, it cannot assimilate this nitrogen from the air.

Both plants and animals, by the process of breathing, can utilize the oxygen which forms part of the atmosphere. With each inhalation is, of course, included nitrogen, but this element is thrown off by the lungs. The only way in which the higher plants and animals can avail themselves of nitrogen is in the form of its compounds.

Nitrates in Cycles.

The plant needs comparatively little of the compounds of nitrogen for its sustenance. About one five-hundredth its own weight in one of the simpler compounds, nitrates or ammonia, will feed it, enabling it to grow and build up those elaborate compounds which animals in their turn feed upon. Thus the world's stock of nitrogen compounds goes round in endless cycles, the plant taking the simplest forms and elaborating them, the animal bringing these complex forms back to the starting point. All the time, however, the great stock of free nitrogen in the air stands outside the cycle.

Sir William Ramsey has shown that over each square mile of the earth's surface the air contains enough nitrogen in a free state to afford plant food for more than 60 years of the world's consumption were the nitrogen only combined, and that its value would be about $2,500,000,000 if it were in the form of saltpetre. As the surface area of the earth is 196,971,984 square miles, a little elementary arithmetic will show that geological ages would be required to use up all the free nitrogen in the atmosphere.

To this great mass of free nitrogen we are constantly contributing. Fortunately, in some mysterious manner, the proportion of nitrogen and oxygen in the atmosphere remains the same; otherwise we would perish. When we burn coal or wood the small proportion appropriate to all plant tissue is set free from its combination, and goes to swell the mass of uncombined nitrogen in the air.

Deposits Still Abundant.

There is still plenty of ready-made nitrates in the world, the bequest of past ages. There are beds of nitrate of soda in Chile, guano on various tropical islands and sulphate of ammonia, recovered when coal is transformed into gas or coke. The present sources of combined nitrogen, however, are so plainly limited that Sir William Crookes thought it advisable to sound a warning. Sir William Ramsay has said that it is doubtful if the deposits in the Andes will last beyond 1950, and the guano deposits in the Southern seas are suffering rapid depletion.

It is very well known by agriculturists that beneficial effects accrue to the land from the growth of clover. Certain bacteria which dwell on the root of the clover plant are able to seize upon free nitrogen and bring it into combination. Progressive farmers, however, do not feel that they can depend upon the fertilizing effects of a clover crop, and those who make a success of farming are they who know how, properly to value more active nitrates.

The wheat crop of the world in 1904 amounted to 3,162,404,000 bushels, of which the United States and Russia furnished more than one-third. Europe has not for many years been able to raise all the wheat needed for her own consumption, and the deficit has been made good, principally by the United States and India, which raise more grain than they reasonably can use.

Wheat An Essential Factor.

The time is rapidly approaching when the failure of the wheat crop in either Russia, the United States or India would have serious results not only locally, but to the world generally. Russia, Roumania and Bulgaria are the only European countries which raise wheat enough to export. But their surplus would scarcely equal the demand of the United Kingdom alone.

To keep the wheat supply at least normal is the work which science will be expected to perform. Within the next half century it will be necessary considerably to augment what at present constitutes a normal crop, unless a leaf is taken out of the book of the east, and rice becomes a substitute for wheat.

What science must do, then is to provide a supply of artificial nitrates. Is science equal to the demand?

The best answer to this question is to give an idea of what science is doing in what might be called commercial chemistry. By means of catalytic processes gigantic chemical works in various parts of the world are manufacturing many products used in the arts and sciences which formerly were only produced in laboratory experiments.

Manufacture Nitrates.

Thus we see chlorinated substances—especially chloroform—made from chlorine obtained by passing hot hydrochloric acid over broken brick impregnated with copper chloride. The latter is not exhausted by the process and may be used over and over again. The hydrochloric acid is a by-product from a process of manufacturing soda, so that it will be evident that the process is not expensive, even if chloroform is. Sulphuric acid, one of the most generally used substances in the arts, is obtained with equal simplicity and cheapness. Indigo is now artificially produced from coal tar in such enormous quantities that it is actually imported into India, the home of the naturally indigo, and moreover the artificial dyestuff is not only cheaper, but purer than the other.

If the artificial production of these substances has become so extensive a business that trade has been revolutionized, there is room for expectation that the manufacturer of nitrates will proceed on the same lines, and not only may science assure a constant and sufficient supply, but give the agriculturist a better nitrate at a lower price.

To Utilize Free Nitrogen.

Several methods of utilizing the free nitrogen of the air are being followed with more or less success. By one method the substance calcium carbide—familiar in acetylene bicycle and automobile lamps—forms a kind of intermediary. This substance is made by directing a powerful electric current upon a mixture of chalk and coal. If at the moment of its formation nitrogen gas is allowed to play upon the mixture, it is swept into the combination. Calcium cyanamide, the resultant body, gives off ammonia in contact with water and can be applied to the land as a manure.

In Norway works are being established to produce in large quantities nitrate of calcium for direct use as manure. This nitrate of calcium may be brought to the market in one of three forms—first, in a fused state, in which it contains 13.5 per cent of nitrogen; second, in crystals, and, third, as a basic salt, which forms a dry powder which does not become moist on exposure to the air.

Simple Process Proposed.

Sir William Crookes has proposed a simple process for producing nitric acid. It consists merely in using the electric current to make nitrogen and oxygen in the air burn together until they reach the state of nitric acid. A crude nitrate of soda is about being put on the market by one of the companies that draw power for generating electricity from Niagara Falls. This nitrate of soda is made by drawing nitrogen from the air, and it is promised that the farmer will be able to buy the product for about one-half what his fertilizers now cost him.

If the stock of available ready-made nitrates is rapidly being exhausted, the fact remains that the materials from which they may be constructed may be found in abundance. Essentially a nitrate is a derivative of nitric acid, the constituents of which are hydrogen, nitrogen and oxygen, three of the most abundant elements in the world.

To explain the natural occurrence of nitric acid in the soil, modern bacteriology comes to our rescue. It has shown that certain bacteria, themselves to be regarded as extremely simple vegetable organisms, form nitric acid from the ammonia which occurs in the soil—having been carried there by rain from the atmosphere, together with the oxygen which occurs in the soil air and also in combination in various constituents of the soil. The nitric acid reacts with the lime which occurs in the soil, thus producing calcium nitrate—the most important form in which the plant obtains its nitrogen.

To Employ Bacteria.

With a knowledge of these facts the hope is held out that before long man may find it possible to employ the bacteria of nitrification for his own ends, just as now he employs bacteria for his own purposes in other ways—the bacterial modification of tobacco and the bacterial treatment of sewage, for instance. Therefore, while the destiny of the next century is held in the hand of the scientist of this, there is small cause for alarm that science will be unable to avert a calamity.

There does not appear to be any unanimity on the part of scientists as to the future of agriculture. Professor Berthelot, one of the greatest constructive chemists in the world, declares that in the future both farmers and shepherds, as we now recognize them, will be without occupation. According to him the chemist will supply our food from gigantic laboratories. It is true, Professor Berthelot has already succeeded in forming in his laboratory the entire series of fats comprised in the first category of substances required for the food of man. He has likewise similarly formed the sugars and carbons which comprise the second category, and is a believer in his ability to eventually form the albuminoids.

The synthetical chop, the tabloid cup of coffee and the artificial egg for breakfast may be nutritious, but who will be satisfied with such a meal?

An Imaginative Frenchman.

M. Lanos, another Frenchman, who is not a scientist, but an imaginative painter, offers poor humanity a more cheerful prospect for the morrow. He has pictured the farm of the future as an immense crystal palace, wherein crops are raised with the speed of the East Indian mango tree from a magician's basket. Here electricity will be the factor, furnishing actinic rays more effective than those the earth's atmosphere appears to receive from the sun, and lending a temperature equal to that of the tropics. Wheat and corn in this district of marvels will grow luxuriantly independent of changes of weather, drought, flood and destructive winds. Certainly M. Lanos' chimera is a delightful one, and more agreeable to the imagination than Professor Berthelot's promised chemical triumph.

HOUSE GETS INTO MUDDLE

(Continued from Page 3.)

will be voted back into the act. It will be easily possible then for the speaker's word will carry his majority with him, and the items will no longer be subject to the whim of one man, as now on the point of order.

The other method to be followed by the appropriations committee is that which the military affairs committee followed. But the appropriations men are ashamed to send such a ridiculous bill as theirs now is to the senate to be fixed up. Never in all the list of half-baked legislation which the house has sent to the other end of the capitol for completion has any such thing been done. They want to go in something like the form of an appropriation bill, and so they will invoke the aid of the speaker and his special rule.

But the light of Prince and Hamlin has served to bring out forcibly and clearly how far the house has fallen away from the legal and proper method of doing business. There is a legal and orderly way of preparing such a bill—the way of a bill. It is to provide for the establishments to be appropriated for by regular bills, fixing the number of clerks, the posts they are to fill and the salaries they are to draw. That done there could be no question as to their right to appropriate for them. But that method is slow and tedious. It takes up the time of congress and it bothers the committees which would have to pass on the bills. It is much easier and simpler to do it all in an appropriation bill, if only some one has not been stirred up to the point of resistance and invocation of the house rule. Everybody knows that the common method is irregular and illegal, but it is so much handier that everybody has let it go.

But now the light has gone to such an extent that there is a chance of its working a reformation in procedure. The law-makers have been shown up in a ridiculous light, and their own sense of propriety may force them to more correct procedure.

A powerful lever to this end was set in operation today, when on the old point of order all provisions for every subtreasury in the United States, except that at New York city, was stricken out of the bill. Mr. Prince turned up an old statute, passed nearly thirty years ago specifically fixing the establishments at those institutions. The pending bill proposed nearly to double the lawful establishment and on his point the entire paragraph for each subtreasury was bowled out.

The Special Rule.

Of course something must be done for these institutions. The business of the United States treasury cannot be permitted to suffer just because the members of the house committee on appropriations will not follow their own law or rules. The question is what to do? Shall the house now recognize how far from the proper path it has traveled and try to get back, or will it go still farther out of line by means of a special rule, and still farther outrage its own clearly-defined procedure? It is dollars to doughnuts that it will take the special rule.

In securing the appointment of the Rev. Washington Gladden to be a chaplain in the army, Mr. Brooks won a victory over President Roosevelt's son-in-law, Representative Nicholas Longworth. The Ohio relative of the president had a candidate in the person of the Rev. George E. Bundy, and made a lively struggle for the appointment. Mr. Brooks is being congratulated by his colleagues in the house for winning against such odds.

NATURE—THE ARTIST.

Such hints as untaught Nature yields!
The calm disorder of thesen,
The straggling splendor of the fields,
The wind's gay incivility.

O workman, with your conscious plan,
Compas and square are little worth;
Copy (nay, only poets can),
The artless masonry of Earth.

Go, watch the whidy spring's carouse,
And mark the winter wonders grow—
The graceful gracelessness of boughs,
The careless carpentry of snow.
—Frederic Lawrence Knowles, "On Life's Stairway."

NEVER GIVE ALL THE HEART.

Never give all the heart, for love
Will hardly seem worth thinking of
To passionate women, if it seem
Certain and they never dream
That it fades out from kiss to kiss.
For everything that's lovely is
But a brief, dreamy, kind delight.
Oh, never give the heart outright,
For they, for all smooth lips can say
Have given their hearts up to play,
And who can play it well enough
If deaf and dumb and blind with love?
He that made this knows all the cost,
For he gave all his heart and lost.
—W. B. Yeats.

TELLS BY THEIR SLEEP

"I can tell by my little ones' sleep when a cold is coming on" said a mother when speaking of the advance symptoms of colds in children. "They toss about, are restless, their breathing is heavy and there are symptoms of night sweats. The next morning I start with Scott's Emulsion. The chances are that in a day or two they are all over it. Their rest is again peaceful and the breathing normal."

Here's a suggestion for all mothers. Scott's Emulsion always has been almost magical in its action when used as the ounce of prevention. Nothing seems to overcome child weakness quite so effectively and quickly as Scott's Emulsion.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Sale of Boys' Shirt Waists 25cts

This is a cleaning up sale of over fifty dozen Boys' Shirt Waists, worth $1.00 each.

Every mother who has bought the Star waist knows the fitting and wearing qualities of this celebrated line. The wholesale cost of these waists is $9.00 per dozen. Made up of the very best French Percales. You couldn't buy such material at the price. Think of the work on one of these waists. Your time making one would be worth more than 50 cents. Come and see these values at 25c. All nice clean patterns.

HOLBROOK & PERKINS

REPRESENTATIVE CITIZENS ON HYDRO-ELECTRIC AFFAIR

Problem Universally Conceded to Be of Paramount Importance---Majority Appears to Favor Action Along Conservative Lines, and to Desire an Amicable Settlement in Preference to Costly Litigation.

Affecting the welfare of Colorado Springs to a greater degree than any other question of public moment in the history of the city, proportionate interest now is manifested by business men and citizens in every development in the controversy with the Hydro-Electric company.

In [illegible], offices, in clubs or on the street, wherever persons vitally interested in the city and its welfare chance to meet—"Hydro-Electric" is the chief subject of conversation and the earnestness with which the question is discussed shows that it is regarded as probably the gravest problem that ever has confronted the city. "As in every public question of importance, [illegible] is given [illegible] conservative and [illegible] view, and, as in politics, some of [illegible] see a good light," [illegible] one [illegible].

Views of Citizens.

[illegible] as possible, an amicable adjustment of affairs appears to be the [illegible] of a number of representative citizens in response to a query from The Gazette [illegible] all [illegible] the city [illegible] made [illegible].

In speaking of the situation last night, [illegible] said: "In my opinion the city is in a bad hole. The city should approach the question with caution and by [illegible] diplomacy the matter should be settled amicably. I think the council made a mistake in granting the franchise in the first place, and that the Hydro-Electric company now has the best of it. In settling the matter, however, I should not like the city to relinquish any of its rights. Let the question be settled as quietly as possible and the taxpayers will be saved the expense of trouble and litigation."

Should Not "Squabble."

"I believe," said B. G. Robbins, "that the council should get together and, instead of squabbling among themselves, work together toward the solving of the dilemma. While I believe that the city should protect its interests to the end, I do not think that the Hydro-Electric company is entirely without rights in the matter. They have built a plant which has cost money, and they are entitled to their franchise rights. I believe that both parties should be made to carry out their parts of the contract. The city should insist that no water be wasted and, if necessary, station a man at each end of the system to see that there is no waste."

F. F. Castello strongly favors protection of the city's rights. "I believe," said Mr. Castello, "that the granting of the franchise was in the first place a mistake. What has been done cannot be done, but I think that the city should look up its rights and insist upon them. One good solution of the problem of waste would be to have the overflow from the Hydro plant so directed that it would run back into the city's pipes instead of being wasted."

Dr. William F. Slocum, president of Colorado college, has been so busy with his college work that he has not given the question much attention, but, as he expresses it, he "feels strongly that the interests of the city should be carefully guarded and protected."

Two Sides to Question.

"The Hydro-Electric company contract," said E. W. Giddings, "has been passed upon by the United States circuit court of appeals. In view of the court's decision they are entitled to use the water which passes through our lines. They have a side of the contract to fulfill, however, and they should be compelled to live up to it."

When asked to express an opinion last evening, R. P. Davie said that he had been out of town a great deal recently and was not very familiar with the details of the case. "I see no reason, however," said Mr. Davie, "for the city to revoke the franchise."

"I believe," said A. Sutton, "that the city should fully protect its own water rights."

Favors Compromise.

C. P. Bennett favors an amicable settlement. "I believe that both parties should exhibit a spirit of compromise. It would be foolish for the city to try to revoke the franchise and an attempt to take charge of the property without due process of law would be out of the question. I should be more than sorry to see the city involved in litigation which would be extremely expensive. The city should insist on its rights and the construction of the main to Lake Moraine. Of course, it has been a bad thing for the city to be without water at certain times, which would have made it very dangerous in case of fire, but I believe that so long as these evils have passed the matter could easily enough be compromised. The conducting of the plant has for a time been necessarily experimental, and I believe that many of the mistakes that have been made by the company will not be repeated."

A TRULY IDEAL WIFE

HER HUSBAND'S BEST HELPER

Vigorous Health Is the Great Source of Power to Inspire and [illegible] All Women Should Seek It.

One of the most noted, successful and richest men of this century, in a recent article, has said, "Whatever I am and whatever success I have attained in this world I owe all to my wife. From the day I first knew her she has been an inspiration, and the greatest helpmate of my life."

Mrs Bessie Ainsley

To be such a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, to inspire him to make the most of himself, should be a woman's constant study.

If a woman finds that her energies are flagging, that she gets easily tired, dark shadows appear under her eyes, she has backache, headaches, bearing-down pains, nervousness, irregularities or the blues, she should start at once to build up her system by a tonic with specific powers, such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Following we publish by request a letter from a young wife:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Ever since my child was born I have suffered, as I hope few women ever have, with inflammation, female weakness, bearing down pains, backache and wretched headaches. It affected my stomach so I could not enjoy my meals and half my time was spent in bed.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman, and I feel so grateful that I am glad to write and tell you of my marvelous recovery. It brought me health, new life and vitality."—Mrs. Bessie Ainsley, 611 South 10th Street, Tacoma, Wash.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Ainsley it will do for every sick and ailing woman.

If you have symptoms you don't understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.

DYING MOTHER'S PRAYER FOR SON

IS THAT WAYWARD BOY MAY RETURN TO LESSEN GLOOM OF HER LAST EARTHLY HOURS.

Lured from home by stories of how men became wealthy in the larger eastern cities, Arthur Byrd, an 18-year-old boy of Roswell, is now believed to be wandering around Chicago in destitute circumstances. Byrd's mother is thought to be dying at her home in Roswell and his sister, Mrs. Anna Hodkinson, has written to the Chicago police asking that they endeavor to find the boy and return him to this city.

According to the Chicago Inter Ocean of March 30, Mrs. Hodkinson's letter is one of the most pathetic appeals ever received by the Chicago police department. She tells of how her brother left home several months ago for Chicago, without consulting his aged mother, and how the mother, now expresses as her only wish that her wayward son may come home and speak to her before she passes away.

E. M. HARNER WOUNDED

Springs Man Stabbed by a "Greaser" in Old Mexico.

Word was received yesterday that E. M. Harner, an old-time resident of this city, is in a serious condition from a knife wound inflicted by a Mexican several days ago while Harner was on his run as a conductor on the Mexican Central railroad. Mrs. Harner, who has been staying at 306 West Huerfano street, started at once to join and care for her husband. "Dad" Harner was for many years a conductor on the Colorado Midland railroad and has many friends in this region. He owns property at the northwest corner of Eaton street and Colorado avenue. He left the Midland about a year ago to go to Mexico.

ANNIVERSARY.

John Dietrich, superintendent of schools, and Mrs. Dietrich, will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding on April 7. About 75 invitations have been issued for an informal reception to be held at their residence, 82 North Weber street.

COUGHLIN'S NEW "CONEY ISLAND"

CONSTRUCTION WORK PROGRESSING RAPIDLY—WILL BE ONE OF FINEST AMUSEMENT PARKS IN STATE.

[illegible] to [illegible] the summer [illegible] being [illegible] by John J. Coughlin of Chicago [illegible] Colorado Springs. [illegible] indicates that Colorado Springs will have one of the most [illegible] amusement [illegible] in the state [illegible] Denver [illegible] leading position among Colorado amusement places.

The [illegible] of the [illegible] promise to [illegible] sensational [illegible] those who dare to trust their lives [illegible] windings. [illegible] is a half mile long and will wind around among the various buildings and parks. Starting at the west end of the gardens [illegible] passenger [illegible] a boat which shoots [illegible] arches, over bumps [illegible] under ground [illegible] around the entire resort. The motive power for the mill will be generated by Cheyenne creek, and the water will be returned to the stream at the east end of the gardens.

Work will be started next week on the construction of a big [illegible] at the lake at the south end of the place. It will have a [illegible] drop which will necessitate enlarging the lake. The water is now frozen, but a few more days like yesterday and the ice will be thawed out sufficiently to allow the work to be commenced.

One of the largest merry-go-rounds ever [illegible] is now on the way to Colorado Springs from Chicago. The zoological garden, Mr. Coughlin's pet amusement feature, will be built near the Cheyenne road entrance to the park. Mr. Coughlin now has under consideration the building of a large scenic railway which will encircle the shoot-the-chutes lake. When these amusement devices are completed the grounds will be parked and laid out with gravel walks and drives.

PRESENTATION OF REMEMBRANCES

EMPLOYES GIVE HANDSOME TOKENS TO POSTMASTER DANA AND ASSISTANT EDMONDSON.

Another compliment was paid to the retiring officials of the Colorado Springs postoffice at the close of the day's business at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. Practically every employe of the postoffice gathered in the office of Postmaster Dana and presented him with a handsome gold watch chain and charm. At the same time Assistant Postmaster Gilbert M. Edmondson was given a pair of solid gold cuff buttons, set with diamonds. Presentation speeches were made by Timothy L. Stanley, a carrier, who said that the good will of every man in the postoffice went with them in their new work.

At a meeting of the State Postmasters association, to be held in Pueblo on April 17, Mr. Edmondson will resign from the office of secretary on account of his withdrawal from postoffice work. It is probable that Mr. Dana and Mr. Edmondson will be made honorary members of the association and that Postmaster Alex J. Strachan and Assistant Postmaster Allen, the new incumbents, will be made active members.

FACES SERIOUS CHARGE

Alleged That Victor Man Violated Law to Get Goods.

N. H. Clark, formerly of Victor, but for several days a resident of this city, was arrested at his room on North Seventh street last evening by City Detective C. E. Shults at the request of Sheriff Bell of Teller county. It is alleged that he secured goods to the value of $128 from merchants of Victor under false pretenses. Deputy Sheriff Guyton arrived from the gold camp last evening and will take Clark back for trial.

A Trite Saying.

It is a trite saying that no man is stronger than his stomach. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery strengthens the stomach—puts it in shape to make pure, rich blood—helps the liver and kidneys to expel the poisons from the body and thus cures both liver and kidney troubles. If you take this natural blood purifier and tonic, you will assist your system in manufacturing each day a pint of rich, red blood, that is invigorating to the brain and nerves. The weak, nervous, run-down, debilitated condition which so many people suffer from, is usually the effect of poisons in the blood; it is often indicated by pimples or boils appearing on the skin, the face becomes thin and the feelings "blue." Dr. Pierce's "Discovery" cures all blood humors as well as being a tonic that makes one vigorous, strong and forceful. It is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes that contains neither alcohol nor harmful habit-forming drugs, and the only one, every ingredient of which has the professional endorsement of the leading medical writers of this country. Some of these endorsements are published in a little book of extracts from standard medical works and will be sent to any address free, on receipt of request therefor by letter or postal card, addressed to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. It tells just what Dr. Pierce's medicines are made of.

The "Words of Praise" for the several ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed, by leaders in all the several schools of medical practice, and recommending them for the cure of the diseases for which the "Golden Medical Discovery" is advised, should have far more weight with the sick and afflicted than any amount of the so-called "testimonials" so conspicuously flaunted before the public by those who are afraid to let the ingredients of which their medicines are composed be known. Bear in mind that the "Golden Medical Discovery" has THE BADGE OF HONESTY on every bottle wrapper, in a full list of its ingredients.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, invigorate the liver and regulate stomach and bowels.

Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser will be sent free, paper-bound, for 21 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 31 stamps. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

STREET RAILWAY SYSTEM CHANGES

WILL PETITION COUNCIL TO GRANT FRANCHISE FOR KIOWA STREET CAR LINE—SANTA FE TO ASSIST

[illegible] petition [illegible] street car [illegible] Springs and [illegible] Kiowa [illegible] be presented [illegible] officials at [illegible] expect [illegible].

The proposed new [illegible] the Wasatch avenue [illegible] Kiowa street [illegible] east on Kiowa street [illegible] thence north to Bijou street and east to Meade avenue [illegible] connect with the present line [illegible] will be followed [illegible] Printers Home.

[illegible] of the [illegible] street line [illegible] Pikes Peak [illegible] one line of [illegible] on the [illegible] Kiowa street [illegible] will result in [illegible] of [illegible] Santa Fe [illegible] Pikes Peak [illegible] grade crossing. This is a [illegible] which Santa Fe officials have long desired to bring about. The Interurban company has applied to the Santa Fe company for the right to construct a loop at the depot, laying its track in the driveway recently made by the railroad company east of the depot and this do away with the switch back now in use by the [illegible]. The city needs several cars of broken slag to be used in the construction of the conduit across Shook's Run on Kiowa street. It is estimated that the total cost of the conduit will be about the same as the Costilla street conduit, it being about the same length and size, or $4,200. Of this amount the street car company would be required to pay one-third, or $1,400, leaving $2,800 to be furnished by the city. The sum of $1,500 has been appropriated and residents on Kiowa street have pledged about $500, leaving a balance of $800 to be raised either in cash or broken rock for the conduit, and this is where the Santa Fe company has been asked to assist. Alderman Hosman has received a letter from Santa Fe officials in which they have promised to deliver the necessary amount of broken slag, subject to the order of the city, but the privilege of constructing the loop at the depot has not yet been passed upon, as it is a question that had to be presented to the head offices in Topeka.

5 RIO GRANDE TRAINS TO DENVER

4:45 a. m., 8:20, 9:05, 10:25, 2:05 p. m., 3:25, 6:10, 7:20.

TO PUEBLO 8.

10:30 a. m., 11:06, 12:06 noon, 4:10 p. m., 7:10, 9:30, 10:35, 12:25 night.

STREET CAR CO. WILL PAY $1,400

TAKES STAND OF FAIRNESS AND WILL CONTRIBUTE TOWARD COST OF BUILDING CONDUIT.

The Colorado Springs and Interurban Railway company has notified Mayor Henry C. Hall of its readiness to pay one-third of the cost of constructing the Costilla street conduit, notwithstanding the fact that the right of the city to make such a demand is questionable.

While section 7 of the original franchise granted to W. S. Stratton, now held by the Interurban company, provides that the company shall contribute one-third of the cost of any city bridge over which the company's tracks may be laid, the more recent franchise granting the company the right to lay track on Costilla street for the cemetery line contains no reference to the subject. "The opinion was expressed that a verbal understanding was reached between the company and members of the last city council that the company would contribute one-third of the cost of the conduit, but a careful examination of the city records fails to disclose any such agreement. Former Alderman L. C. Perkins, who was chairman of the street committee of the former city council, is confident that no such agreement was made.

Mayor Hall advised the company that the original expense of constructing the conduit was $4,200, which would make the company's proportion one-third of this amount, or $1,400. At the regular monthly meeting of the directors action was taken and the following day, in notifying Mayor Hall of the action of the directors, Secretary William Lloyd said:

"I am instructed to say that the members of our board were unanimously of the opinion that the rights of the city in this matter were questionable, and we doubt if they could be enforced by law. There is no question, however, as to the fairness of the city's proposition; therefore, we have no desire to debate the matter and if you will cause an itemized and certified bill of the expense of the construction of the Costilla conduit to be sent to us we will at once send check for our third of its cost."

Mayor Hall at once replied on behalf of the city, expressing appreciation of the course taken by the board, and requested the auditor to prepare the certified bill.

IN EXCELLENT CONDITION

Annual Meeting of Elks Association to Be Held Tuesday.

At the annual meeting of the Colorado Springs Elks association, which owns the local Elks clubhouse, to be held Tuesday night, reports will be read showing the finances of the association to be in splendid condition. The bonded indebtedness has been reduced to $20,000, while the assets, represented by the clubhouse and furnishings, aggregate $87,000.

Officers and members of the board of control to serve for one year will be elected Tuesday. The board now consists of R. L. Holland, president; Dr. M. P. Reynolds, vice president; W. H. McIntyre, secretary; A. G. Sharpe, treasurer; George B. Tripp and R. W. Chisholm.

Early Spring Sale of FURNITURE

To secure orders before the rush of the season is on, we offer

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS!

SEE BARGAINS IN

Furniture! Carpets! Rugs! Linoleums

Window Shades, Lace Curtains and Portieres.

Over 50 Whitney Go-Carts at Cut Prices!

THE FRED S. TUCKER Furniture Co., 106-108 N. Tejon St.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, La Grippe, Asthma, Throat and Lung Troubles. Prevents Pneumonia and Consumption

FOR SALE BY HEFLEY-ARCULARIUS DRUG CO.

THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE HONEY and TAR in the YELLOW PACKAGE

SILVER SERVICE CONTRIBUTIONS

FUND-RAISING CAMPAIGN FOR PURCHASING DECORATION FOR CRUISER COLORADO BEGINS TODAY.

The campaign to secure contributions for the purchase of a silver service for the cruiser Colorado will be begun today. Pupils of the public schools will bear a large share of the cost of the service. They will be asked to contribute not more than 10 cents toward the fund, the minimum of which has been fixed at $1,500. Efforts will be made to make the subscription as general as possible, and contributions of more than 10 cents from one person will not be encouraged. Colorado is the only state in the nation which has not recognized the warship named after it by an appropriate gift.

"It would be easy to secure enough money with which to purchase the silver service," said Governor McDonald Saturday, "by going to a few of the wealthy men and [illegible] of the state for large subscriptions, but I believe that such a gift will mean more if it includes tribute from every patriot in the commonwealth. We hope there will be a response from every boy and girl in the state, be they rich or poor, and from every man and woman, no matter what their financial condition."

John Dietrich, superintendent of the Colorado Springs schools, is awaiting instructions from Katherine L. Craig, state superintendent of public instruction, who is a member of the special committee appointed to look after contributions, before opening the campaign in this city. "It is probable," said Mr. Dietrich last night, "that we will receive our instructions to begin taking contributions tomorrow morning. I feel certain that every pupil in the public schools of Colorado Springs will be glad of the chance to contribute to such a worthy cause."

ONE DOLLAR PER MONTH

Will keep your clothes pressed. Hunter, 111 North Tejon street. Phone 548B.

COUNTRY CLUB HONORS ARTHUR

FORMER PRESIDENT'S SON AT HEAD OF EXCLUSIVE SOCIAL ORGANIZATION—ANNUAL DINNER SATURDAY.

Chester Alan Arthur was elected president of the Cheyenne Mountain Country club at the club's annual dinner held Saturday night at the Broadmoor clubhouse. J. Arthur Connell was elected vice president; Duncan Chisholm, secretary, and John Matthew, treasurer. Among prominent guests who attended the banquet were Sylvester Roosevelt of New York, a cousin of President Roosevelt; Foxhall Keene, one of America's best known sportsmen and poloists; J. C. Johnston of Scotland, and Adjutant General Bulkeley Wells and Bryant Turner of Denver.

The finest display of wall paper ever shown in the city.
The Brown Wall Paper & Paint Co.
212 N. Tejon St.

JAMES DOYLE LOSES SUIT

Denver District Court Says He Must Pay Costs of Appeal.

James Doyle has lost the suit which James Burns brought against him in the Denver district court for payment of the costs of the appeal in the controversy over the Portland mine, which was heard by the supreme court of Iowa in April, 1904.

Burns asked a judgment against Doyle for $1,317.65 with interest at 6 per cent from April 5, 1904. The judgment was granted by Judge Booth Malone, but Doyle can appeal the case.

In answer to this petition for judgment against him, Doyle put forth the plea that as the supreme court of Iowa had only reversed the decision of the lower courts in the Portland controversy, making a retrial of the case necessary, no costs should be due until the matter is finally settled, making a motion for abatement until that time. This motion was refused and Doyle ordered to pay the costs.

COLDS CURED IN ONE DAY

Munyon's Cold Cure Relieves the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. Checks Fevers, Stops Discharges of the Nose, Takes Away All Aches and Pains Caused by Colds. It cures Grip and obstinate Coughs and prevents Pneumonia. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. MUNYON.

for Soups
Empson's Silver Star TOMATO
for Sauces

Wilbur's
The Women's Apparel Store.

All the wanted styles in the

New Spring Suits
$10.00, $12.50, $17.50
$20.00, $25.00, $27.50, $30.00 and $35.00.

Elegant Costumes for Easter and all other occasions, in the newest, softest fabrics, dainty, rich colorings and exquisite designs.

$40.00, $50.00, $55.00
and upwards as high as $195.00.

The latest and most correct styles in Easter Millinery

by the best French and American artists together with our own copies and adaptations. The popular priced lines come at

$3.00, $5.00, $7.50

The prices range on upwards as high as $50.00 on the imported styles.

LATEST NOVELTIES

in Belts, Bags, Jewelry, Back and Side Combs, Hosiery, Neckwear, Ribbons, Veilings, Etc.

The Wilbur Suit Co.

All Goods

sold with privilege of returning.

We want our customer satisfied in the fullest sense of the word. We cannot afford to sell you even one article that does not satisfy.

COFFEE ROASTED DAILY.

We serve coffee every Saturday afternoon and evening.

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ASTHMA

Cured in any climate by Tissu-Phos, the best asthma cure on the market. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Trial package, 10c. Regular sizes, 50c and $1.00. At all druggists.

TISSU-PHOS CHEMICAL CO., 16th & Welton Sts., Denver, Colo.

WASH DAY

Half the clothes spotted with soot because the man next door is burning POOR COAL. Don't give your neighbor a chance to kick about YOU.

THE Colorado Springs FUEL CO.
112 PIKE'S PEAK AVE.
Phones 230-213.

COKE SENSE

Do you remember how you got caught during the last cold spell?

Keep some coke on hand. Remember, it don't slack down.

Order now from

The Gas Company
107-11 E. Kiowa St.
Main 23.

HIBBARD'S

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Monday Specials.

½ Price

on all winter overcoats—100 to choose from—all sizes—buy one for next winter

$10.95

buys your choice of over 100 of our best suits worth from $18.00 to $25.00. All fine goods colors and patterns.

$8.95

buys your choice of over 140 fine suits that sold as high as ~~$15.00 and $16.00~~.

$7.50

buys your choice of 40 good all wool winter suits worth $12.50 to $15.00. Big values in this lot.

$4.95

for your choice of nearly 50 suits that sold at $9.75 to $12.00 only one or two of a style—but good value.

Big bargains in boys' long and knee pant suits. One-half price for all blouse suits.

Robbins

NORTHERN BOULDER COUNTY RESOURCES TO BE EXPLORED

BOULDER, Colo.—The great increase in mining activity throughout Boulder county the present year promises to embrace [illegible] established camps but to extend to new territory and take in a most promising unmineralized area of northwestern Boulder county which up to the present time on account of its location remote from railroad facilities has received but little attention from the prospector and very [illegible] capitalists [illegible] to invest [illegible] among the [illegible]

George F. [illegible] of [illegible] states that while [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Phelfer says [illegible] it has been almost impossible to [illegible] [illegible]

Thomas [illegible] Struggler [illegible] Boulder [illegible] the latter part of the week [illegible] [illegible] that rich ore which [illegible] the old Smuggler [illegible] expiration of the [illegible] would be [illegible] extensive scale.

Near Lyons the St. Vrain Mining and Milling company have recently installed a plant [illegible]

[illegible] group of claims which from past development the company believe [illegible] A subsidiary company has also been organized [illegible] power from the St. Vrain which will be distributed to the various users of power and light in that [illegible]

The [illegible] Mining and Milling company [illegible] their property from a shaft which is now down about 200 feet [illegible] properties are back of this [illegible] work for the coming year.

The Allen's Park Power and Development company is developing a property [illegible] from a shaft which [illegible] 100 feet with [illegible] sufficient values to great [illegible]

The [illegible] Mining and Investing company [illegible] of which York, Nebraska [illegible] [illegible] on their property and [illegible]

[illegible]

LOFTY VALUES FROM EUREKA

LESSEE ON GUNNELL PROPERTY SHIP FOUR-OUNCE GOLD ORE—VALLEY WILL LEASE ITS GROUND.

CENTRAL CITY, Colo.—Steve Laner & Co., operating the West Whiting in Eureka district, under a lease from the Gunnell Gold M. & M. Co. have received a gold retort of 65 ounces from a lot of 30 cords treated at the local mills. They also shipped nearly 20 tons of tailings which will bring up the values to an average of about four ounces gold per cord which is considerably above the average of the county. They also shipped about 30 tons of smelting ore which averaged from three to four ounces gold. The ore is from the 300 west level of the West Whiting.

A quartz mill was delivered last week to the Brooklyn mill of the Colorado Chemical and Amalgamating company operating up North Clear creek. Denver and eastern people are interested.

Stockholders of the Pleasant Valley Mining and Milling company from Detroit, Mich., are looking over what was formerly known as the Banta Hill in the Pleasant Valley district, about three miles southeast of here. The amalgamating and concentrating mill with a capacity of nearly 100 tons a day is ready to start. The company has over 230 acres, one of the largest holdings in the older districts of the county. Preparatory work has been done at several of the mines and arrangements are being made to lease several of the smaller properties to local miners. The Gilpin tramway tracks have been extended from Willis gulch to the mines and mill nearly three miles and indications point to the properties being operated along extensive lines.

The Spur claim, on the west side of Prosser gulch, in the Eureka district has been sold by David Henderson of this place to John C. Jenkins for $900. The claim will be added to the Eureka group already owned and operated by Mr. Jenkins. A tunnel is being driven to open up the vein and some fair surface ore has been taken out.

Chicago people owning the Empress, near Lake gulch have been keeping up development. Some ore is being taken out of the 120 and 230-foot levels but the main shoot has not been reached. The ore shipped to stamp mills yields fair values.

The Dump mine on Bobtail hill, under lease and bond to Matt Dalpez & Co. is yielding at a depth of 350 feet. Stamp mill ore is amalgamating better than two ounces gold per cord with the tailings selling for $15 to $20 a ton. The smelting product nets between $40 and $50 a ton.—Mining Record.

PAID $100,000 FOR MINE

Chicagoans Get Bond and Lease on the Durango Girl.

DURANGO, Colo.—A mining deal of much importance to this section is the bonding and leasing of the Durango Girl gold mine in the La Plata mountains to Chicago capitalists. It is understood that the consideration was $100,000, the old owners of the mine, Messrs. A. D. Lelner, John and George Olbert and Joseph Weinig retaining a goodly portion of their holdings.

The Durango girl is one of the richest mines in this section. A tunnel runs in on the vein 650 feet. Near the breast a winze goes down 30 feet. A drift runs about 60 feet from the bottom of the winze.

The vein is well defined and 50 to 60 feet wide, extending several miles across the country. The pay streak is three to eight feet wide.

MUCH ORE IN BELMONT

Exceptionally Fine Streak Is Opened by Waldorf Company.

GEORGETOWN, Colo.—An exceptionally fine streak has been opened on the old Belmont owned by the Waldorf company and which may in itself prove a bonanza. Louis Chiarra, who has charge of the work on this mine, has sufficient ore exposed to warrant the prediction that he will have 1,000 tons of the ore, which will average $40 per ton, ready for shipment by June 1.

Everything taken into consideration it is safe to say this will be a banner year for Upper Clear Creek and the East Argentine district in particular.

WILL BEGIN DRIVING AHEAD ON NEWHOUSE ABOUT APRIL 1

IDAHO SPRINGS, Colo.—The Newhouse tunnel is to be driven [illegible] once. S. A. Knowles [illegible] superintendent of the property, has been awarded a contract to drive 1,000 feet of the main heading and will take charge the first of the month and immediately begin the execution of the work. No delay will occur as the equipment is in order and with the large additions recently purchased is ample to handle the extra work readily and without interference with the operations of the mining companies doing business through the tunnel. Mr. Knowles, the contractor, is one of the best tunnel men in the west. He was in charge of the Newhouse for several years while it was being driven, had large contracts in driving the Central tunnel and for the past year has been engaged upon the Gunnison tunnel for the government. His connection with the work proposed is assurance that it will be prosecuted vigorously and consummated in the shortest possible time.

The announcement that the tunnel is to be extended farther into the Russell gulch and Quartz hill district is the climax of good news for the owners of property and for Clear Creek and Gilpin [illegible] 1,000 feet before [illegible] the first part of the [illegible] development [illegible] The past year has been [illegible] the matter of [illegible] tunnel for mining operations [illegible] that time tunnel mining [illegible] scarcely more. The [illegible] mile tunnel was scarcely used at all for practical operations and almost appeared an unwieldy accessory of the industry. The situation has been entirely reversed and the actual use of the tunnel by the number of different companies has fully developed the facts of economy and profitability of the tunnel's facilities for operations either large or small. So pronounced has been the evidence that the business has developed to a state that has required an increase of cars and other equipment to over three times what was formerly sufficient even when the tunnel heading was being driven. The tunnel is a demonstrated success in comparison with any and all other systems of mining and the delays in recognition of its values that have before occurred will not be found in the new extension.—Gazette.

CONSOLIDATES COMET GROUP AND SPORTING-TIMES CLAIMS

IDAHO SPRINGS, Colo.—A. H. Colburn has just completed negotiations by which he secures from the Comet Mining and Milling company the Comet group of eight claims on Griffith mountain near Georgetown. The terms of the sale are a two years lease and option of purchase at $100,000. Mr. Colburn is owner of the Sporting Times property of the same locality and the combination of the two makes one of the most valuable consolidations ever effected in the county. The Comet mine has been worked since 1868 and has a remarkable record of production of high grade silver ore and has immense reserves of low grades. An exchange has the following to say of the mine at the present time which illustrates present conditions: "The strike made by Garbolino & Co. in the old Comet is growing to immense proportions. The quartz body now measures over ten feet across and the ground has been opened up for eighty feet. Stoping has been prosecuted and weekly shipments of one carload or twenty tons will be made. The values average 41 ounces of silver leaving a net value of $12 a ton."

Mr. Colburn has for years been closely acquainted with the mine and has made extensive tests of the ore. He states there is one dump, built many years ago that has an average value of 42 ounces silver to the ton, and there are one-half million tons in the dump representing a value equal to the purchase price of the mine.

The mine is accessible only by pack trains, which has been the obstacle to more extensive operations. Mr. Colburn will provide either by wagon road or tramway for the transportation of the mine's product and with such facilities has a very valuable proposition. Developments on the vein consist of a shaft 250 feet deep with levels each way and a crosscut tunnel and drift of a total length of 2,300 feet which attains a depth of 700 feet. In these workings is an abundance of ore worth from $25 to $50 per ton.

The adjacent Sporting Times property consist of five claims and is the same vein as the Colorado Central. It was located and patented by Mr. Colburn originally and has been held and fine property.—Gazette.

CHAMBERLAIN-DILLINGHAM SAMPLER WILL BE ENLARGED

IDAHO SPRINGS, Colo.—The Chamberlain-Dillingham sampler is being rebuilt to more than double its former capacity. The work has been under way for the past week and will be completed about April 10. The machinery is taken from the sampling plant at Thirty-eighth street, Denver, and is now on the ground ready for installation. It is similar to the plant hitherto operated but of larger size giving a capacity of 150 tons in ten hours. The pit for the crushing machinery and elevator and the elevator tower are completed and the structural work for the shafting has been strengthened for the heavier service that will be put upon it. No material changes are to be made in the mill building, bins, etc., but additional floor space will be secured by the removal of the steam power plant which has been maintained for emergencies. The power of the new plant will be from electric current as for the past several years.

While the rebuilding is in progress all ore is being forwarded for sampling in the Denver plant of the Chamberlain-Dillingham Co., a very slight inconvenience is felt by shippers.

The need for the better facilities has been urgent for a long time and the resumption of shipment of low grades of ore when the furnaces at the smelter are completed, which will be within a few weeks, renders an increase of capacity at the sampler imperative. It has been running steadily three shifts daily and at times shippers have been obliged to suspend hauling their ore for several days at a time to enable the sampler to clear up accumulations in its bins and much of the car lot shipments have had to be sent to the smelters direct for sampling. The new plant can in ten hour handle about the same amount as was formerly run in twenty-four and should remove all danger of a repetition of such conditions. The bin capacity of the plant is about 300 tons and the floors give ample room for storage under ordinary conditions. The new machinery will enable that they all be cleared each twenty-four hours.—Gazette.

See Our

SPRING SUITS

Top Coats

and

Cravenettes

THE HUB

18-20 S. TEJON ST.

EXPLORATIONS AT JAMESTOWN

SYSTEMATIC DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL WEALTH SUPPLANTING OLD-TIME DESULTORY METHODS

JAMESTOWN, Colo.—[illegible] Jamestown district [illegible] pressed with the vast [illegible] work going on throughout this [illegible] of a character which [illegible] systematic and businesslike exploration of its mineral wealth and [illegible] gopherlike methods which have characterized so much of the [illegible]

Among the many properties in this district where modern methods have supplanted the old is the [illegible] Dyke Gold Mining [illegible] comprising a tract of about [illegible] located between the [illegible] on the north slope [illegible] creek and not far from [illegible] Gold Belt and Frank H. [illegible]

Jamestown is noted for its big veins and through the hill covered by the property of this company passed a 10-foot contact vein with schist and porphyry walls, carrying good values its entire width, and in places yielding ore that shows values better than $1,000 per ton. The high values, however are only incidental and in the development of the property Manager Wilson bases his estimates only on values contained in the great bodies of low grade ore which under modern methods and properly developed, will yield a good margin of profit at the mill.

Present development is centered on driving a 20-foot tunnel which is being advanced at the rate of about six feet a week to cut at a good depth this big vein.—Record.

Sanderson Commission company, 109 South Cascade, will buy live poultry.

TO START MILL IN THE SPRING

SANTA LORETA M. & M. COMPANY PUSHING DEVELOPMENT WORK ON THE COLORADO-CARR.

CENTRAL CITY, Colo.—The Santa Loreta Mining and Milling company has completed the sinking of 100 feet in its shaft on the Colorado-Carr property on Bobtail hill making that shaft a total depth of 950 feet. The progress during sinking was slow on account of the extremely hard character of the ground encountered in the shaft. A crosscut has been run over 90 feet to the north and it is expected that they will reach the vein within a reasonable time. Superintendent W. H. Hook reports that they have over 150 tons of milling ores on hand and that they have been making tests which show that the ores carry very fair values in gold and copper, especially in the latter mineral. Prospecting work has been in force at the ninth, tenth and eleventh levels where drifting work has been carried on. The company also owns the Randolph mill on North Clear creek which is connected with the mines by an aerial tramway and which they intend to start up handling their ores during the spring months. Providence R. I. people are interested in the ownership of this group and they have been keeping up liberal developments since they took hold of the property last fall.

It is reported that the indications for the Freedom property on Winnebago hill, Gregory district, resuming operations along a liberal scale are very favorable, within a reasonable period.

Laner & Co. are making good money on their lease in the 300 foot west workings of the West Whiting mine on Gunnell hill, which is owned by the Gunnell Gold Mining and Milling company. Last week they shipped twenty cords of milling ores to the Polar Star mill which amalgamated retorts to the amount of 65 ounces of gold. Besides there were shipped eighteen tons of tailings which carried values of 1.27 ounces gold per ton, which brought the value up to over four ounces gold per cord which is much better than the average run of ores in this country. These fortunate leasers also shipped 30 tons of smelting ores which gave values of 3.06 ounces gold per ton or over $60 per ton which is also a very good grade of smelting product.—Register Call.

WATER PROBLEM SOLVED

Second Ore Body in Mammoth Shaft Soon to Be Exposed.

LEADVILLE, Colo.—The water problem has been solved at the Mammoth shaft, Big Evans, and it is now going down at the rate of two and one-half feet every 24 hours. The last 15 feet sunk is all heavily mineralized and before the week is out the second ore body should be well exposed.

The Lou Dillon shaft, Iowa gulch, is now down 180 feet and is in lime coated with white iron and stained with copper. The shaft will be sunk another lift of 100 feet, when crosscutting will commence. The fissure veins known to cross from the south of Iowa gulch to upper Breece hill and Ball mountain will no doubt be cut as well as the Continental ore shoot.

STRIKE LODE IN BURNS-MOORE

CONTRACTS LET FOR 200 FEET OF DRIFTING—FOSTORIA PROPERTY IS BEING DRAINED

IDAHO SPRINGS, Colo.—The Burns-Moore tunnel at a distance of 2,400 feet from the mouth has cut the Silver Cliff lode and found it by far surpassing all expectations of the management. The lode is one of the most promising in the surface showing but at the point opened by the tunnel shows better than at any [illegible] has ever been exposed. The vein is about three feet wide and is all mineralized and [illegible] wall there is [illegible] of ore. [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] The Fostoria [illegible] driving [illegible] realized in all anticipations from the driving of the tunnel [illegible] [illegible] they were obliged to [illegible] their machines for a time until the [illegible] arrangements to [illegible] from the drill holes [illegible] diameter the water [illegible] a solid stream amounting to [illegible] per minute.

[illegible] 600 feet by the Fostoria company will [illegible] purpose of [illegible] and adjacent mines [illegible] problem has become [illegible] obstacle. The flow [illegible] sufficient to [illegible] difficulty and [illegible] is assured of the success of the [illegible]—Gazette.

HAS 26,000 TONS OF ORE IN SIGHT

FULL FORCE OF MEN WORKING IN MASCOT MINE OF THE BOSTON-OCCIDENTAL COMPANY.

CENTRAL CITY, Colo.—The Mascot mine [illegible] by the Boston Occidental Mining company is now working a full force of men in the 200 and 250-foot levels. In both levels the company is drifting on the vein preparatory to putting in the upraises and stoping ore. There is at present about 26,000 tons of ore in sight which produces a concentrate from $17 to $25 gold to the ton. The new Wild mill to take the place of the one lately damaged is expected to arrive in Black Hawk during this week. Upon its arrival at American City it will take but a few days to set it up in place of the old one the foundation being all ready to receive it. J. F. Alegert of the Morse Bros. Machinery And Supply company will have charge of setting up the mill and will operate it for the time being.

The contract for the machinery for the Bonnie Belle mine will be let during the coming month. The property is situated on Colorado hill and is owned by local people.

Sinking operations have been delayed at the Evergreen mine for a couple of weeks on account of water troubles, but this has been remedied during the past week by the installation of a No. 9 Cameron sinking pump and sinking was again resumed during the past week with three eight-hour shifts. The shaft is down 130 feet and it is the intention of the company to sink several hundred feet for the purpose of opening up the property on an extensive scale and with a view to a future large production. Work is being carried on in the crosscut at a depth of 100 feet and a drift is being driven on the vein from the crosscut.

At the Annie H property of the Elk Park Mining company drifting work has been carried on in the lower workings for the past month but Superintendent McNeil is getting ready for sinking the shaft a further depth of 50 feet. Unless the water causes too much trouble in handling the shaft will be continued down for an indefinite depth as it is desired to get additional depth and then open up will levels so that they have plenty of ground for the future development and production. Pennsylvania people are interested.—Register.

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN TONOPAH, GOLDFIELD AND BULLFROG MINING STOCKS?

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE ORDERS ON THE SAN FRANCISCO STOCK EXCHANGE AT REGULAR COMMISSION OVER OUR DIRECT PRIVATE WIRES.

QUOTATIONS FURNISHED EITHER BY TELEPHONE OR TELEGRAPH.

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Mining Exchange Building. Telephones Main 188, Main 168

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BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Colorado Springs, Colorado.
24 Broad Street, New York.
15 George Street, Mansion House, London, E. C.

MEMBERS
New York Stock Exchange
Colorado Springs Mining Stock Exchange

SHOVE, ALDRICH & CO. BANKERS BROKERS

Telephone No. 15. Cable Address "Shove."
Removed to New Mining Exchange Building. Entrance to offices: Room [illegible]

$25.00 Santa Fe

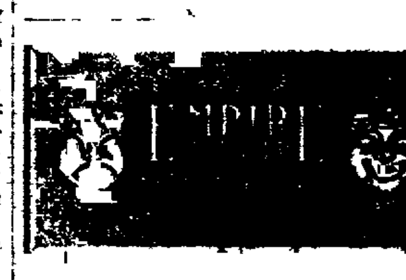
To California--Daily

Through Tourist Sleeper.
Two Days.

18 NORTH TEJON ST.

$25.00 TO PACIFIC COAST AND THE NORTHWEST on sale only till APRIL 7. Through Tourist Sleepers Daily. Liberal Stopovers. 4 Daily Trains. [illegible] Office. 16 North Tejon St.

DOLLINGER & HARRISON,
Dealers in All Leading Coals
FREIGHT AND TRANSFER.
Phone 185 A.



Matinee Daily, 3 p. m. Evening Performance, 7:30 to 10.

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THE BEST COKE, COAL and WOOD,
THE BEST HAY, GRAIN and FEED,
THE BEST BUILDING STONE,
SAND AND GRAVEL.
Prompt delivery and honest weight
At regular prices
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The California Limited

is the only train between Chicago and Southern California, via any line, exclusively for first class travel.

All others carry [illegible]

Get Tickets at 18 N. Tejon Street

C. C. Hoyt, C. P. A.

WHEN MATTHEW ARNOLD CRAMMED

A curious story which has escaped the biographies of Matthew Arnold but which concerns both him and the late Archbishop Temple, has lately been told in regard to Arnold's undergraduate days at Oxford.

Matthew Arnold got leave at the last moment to take in logic for responsions instead of Euclid, which he could never master. The day before the examination he went to Jowett, who was his master, and asked how he could learn the subject in time as he was wholly ignorant of it. Jowett said his only chance was to go to Temple and see if he would try and teach him in one day. Temple consented, and starting about 9 o'clock in the morning talked continuously allowing two pipes of half an hour each for meals, till past 2 o'clock the next morning. Arnold had been provided with paper but took no notes. He lay back in his chair, with the tips of his fingers together, saying from time to time, "What wonderful fellows they were!" Soon after 2 o'clock a. m. Temple sent Arnold away to get some sleep, after which he satisfied the examiners in logic. He answered every question.

How much good it did him is not stated, but the performance speaks well for Temple's gifts as a "cramer." Matthew Arnold's constitutional inability to grapple with geometry affords an interesting commentary on his well-known theories of education.

ADVERTISING AND HUMANITY.

"Humanity is the keynote of all good advertising copy," writes C. A. Peake in the March issue of Judicious Advertising, Chicago. Just plain everyday humanity—the plainer and more everyday, the better the copy.

The lack of humanity in the average advertisement may be readily noted—when looked for.

What is humanity? The Century Dictionary says it is "consideration for the possibilities of others, and sympathy for their needs."

That definition cannot be read wrong or misunderstood. It is clear, lucid, limpid.

But simply understanding what humanity is will not lead to the preparation of good copy—it must be digested, assimilated, become part of bone and fibre of being and doing.

He who would write good copy must know people, must be able, in some measure, to think as others think, and feel as they feel.

He must have desires akin to theirs, must be able to experience the delight of anticipated ownership, the satisfaction of possession, and the comfort of use.

All these things, according to the exigencies of his position, from a penny toy to a marble palace in Paris.

Once a bachelor snob undertook to write the advertising of a rather low-priced brand of condensed milk. The assets of the concern, afterwhile, fell into the hands of a chap who lived in two tenement rooms with his wife and four children. He and his wife prepared some circulars, and the children distributed them among tenement families. He is a rich man now, but still writes his own advertising.

SHOULD HAVE PUSHED.

Representative John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, is considered to be possessed of the keenest and most sarcastic wit of any member of that body.

Last spring Mr. Williams, in order to reach a certain town in time to make an address to a political meeting, was obliged to avail himself of a notoriously slow train.

The train made its fifteen or twenty miles an hour all right, but to the impatient Williams it was the slowest thing on earth, and he told the conductor so several times. Finally, the latter, as is not uncommon in such cases, took these observations to be in the nature of personal insults. "If you don't like the speed of the train, you can get out and walk," he exclaimed angrily, not knowing the identity of his passenger.

Far from being crushed, Williams calmly replied: "I would, only the good people of Augusta don't expect me till the train gets in."—Harper's Weekly.

MY NEWSPAPER AND ITS COMMUNITY

Speaking of what a newspaper does for a community, United States Senator David Davis, of Illinois, made an address that remains ever green in the memories of newspaper men. He said: "Every year every local paper gives from 500 to 5,000 free lines for the benefit of the community in which it is located. No other agency can or will do this. The editor in proportion to his means does more for his own town than any other man. He ought to be supported not because you happen to like him or admire his writing, but because a local paper is the best investment a community can make. It may not be crowded with great thought, but financially it is of more benefit than both preacher and teacher. Today editors do more for humanity than any man on earth. Patronize your home paper, not as a charity, but as an investment."—Newspaperdom.

EXPLOSION PRESSURE.

In a lecture before the Royal society Mr. J. E. Petavel discussed the pressure to which rifle barrels are subjected by high explosives. In the case of powerful cordite his experiments indicated that the enormous figure of twelve tons per square inch may sometimes be attained. This means that every square foot of surface has to resist a pushing force of nearly 2,500,000 pounds. These figures closely agree with those obtained by Sir Andrew Noble.

JURY PAID FOR ITS ERROR.

A Texas correspondent tells "Law Notes" how an obstinate juryman was circumvented by his fellow judges of the facts. The offense charged was assault with intent to murder. After the jury had been out two hours they returned the following verdict: "We, the jury, find the defendant guilty of aggravated assault, and assess his punishment at $25 fine, and herewith pay the fine." On inquiry as to the meaning of the last clause of the verdict, it came out that eleven of the jurors had agreed that the defendant was not guilty, but the twelfth doggedly hung out for a conviction for aggravated assault, and would not consent to a punishment less than a fine of $25. Finding it a hopeless task to bring over the obstinate one to their way of thinking, the eleven decided to agree with him, and "chipped in" enough to pay the fine.

CASTLE'S GRUESOME SECRET.

While digging on land near French Park, County Roscommon, on February 26, a laborer discovered a cavern with an arched roof, about six feet in depth. From this a narrow winding passage led to an old castle, about a quarter of a mile distant.

The underground passage is well built, and some of the walls bear traces of inscriptions, while at a certain point a number of skeletons and bones were found, together with a quantity of metal, which proved to be armor and weapons, evidently of great antiquity.

An old legend in connection with the castle runs to the effect that ages ago the remains of one of the most powerful of the Connaught clans took refuge in this castle after their defeat in battle, and being driven into the passage it was closed up at either end by their foes and the warriors were thus left to their death.—The London Mail.

TO COMPUTE ADVERTISING STATISTICS

The International Advertising association has engaged Clarence B. Hurry, lately a statistician with the department of commerce and labor, Washington, to organize a bureau at its New York offices in the Flatiron building for the preparation of advertising statistics. Mr. Hurry was for a time in charge of the government's census bulletins on argriculture, has studied statistics of municipal finance, municipal ownership and labor unions, and done other important work. He believes that advertising offers a rich virgin field for statistical investigation, and that material of practical value to advertisers can be accumulated.

LAWSON'S ODD WATCH.

T. W. Lawson's $50,000 watch was a great curiosity with the westerners. Every morning at 9:40 it strikes, again it strikes at 9:50 and at 9:55 it makes as much noise as a general fire alarm to warn its possessor that the stock market is about to open. At a few minutes before 3 p. m. just before the market closes, it strikes again. Mr. Lawson wears a unique watch chain. It goes about his neck, under his coat and out through a buttonhole in his vest. On every link is the figure of a different class of Gypsy, and the whole chain represents every known Gypsy type.

HUMAN BLOOD MARKS.

A tale of horror was told by marks of human blood in the home of J. W. Williams, a well known merchant of Hackney, Ky. He writes: "Twenty years ago I had severe hemorrhages of the lungs and was near death when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery. It completely cured me and I have remained well ever since. It cures Hemorrhages, Chronic Coughs, Settled Colds and Bronchitis, and is the only known cure for Weak Lungs. Every bottle guaranteed by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

MILLIONAIRES SPECULATORS.

Seven young New York millionaires, Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Harry Payne Whitney, Charles T. Cook, Orden Mills, Lawrence E. Sexton and Horace Porter—have purchased for nearly $1,000,000 a tract of 160 acres in the suburbs of that city. They have organized a syndicate to speculate in the lots, which are on the line of the New Haven railroad and a line which is about to be built.

Gazette Want Ads

Do the work quickly and satisfactorily.

5 cents per line of six words per day.
$1.00 per line of six words per month.

No ad less than two lines

GAZETTE BRANCH OFFICES:

Cash advertisements can be left at any of the following branches at regular rates before 6 o'clock in the evening and will receive insertion in the next morning's paper:

BUTCHER DRUG CO., Cor. Pike's Peak and Nevada Aves.
PLAZA PHARMACY, Tejon and Cache la Poudre.
BISSELL-MACY DRUG CO., 406 S. Tejon St.
SEVENTH STREET PHARMACY, 1504 Colorado Avenue.
C. M. SHUMAN, Confectionery, 421 Colorado Ave., Colorado City.
W. M. LEMMON, & CO., Druggists, 106 Canon Ave., Manitou.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

GET all the money you need on diamonds, watches, jewelry, guns, musical instruments, clothing or anything of value, or you can sell any article you don't want, and I guarantee good treatment at the oldest and most reliable place of M. K. Myers' Loan Office, 39 E. Huerfano.

FOR RENT—June 1st to October 1st, attractive furnished cottage. Seven rooms, including four bedrooms. Also cottage of eleven rooms including eight bedrooms. Splendid opportunity for summer outing. Fine mountain scenery, fishing, driving, etc. On D. & R. G. R. R. Apply P. O. Box 828, Colorado Springs, Colo.

WANTED—STONEMASONS, CARPENTERS AND LABORERS to exchange work for desirable lots, part cash paid. THE HASTINGS-ALLEN CO., 2 North Tejon St.

WANTED—A man to sell in this field exclusively for one of the largest nurseries in the west. Cash advanced weekly on orders. Address Washington Nursery Company, Toppenish, Washington.

WANTED—An experienced house to house canvasser by a commercial house in Colo. Springs. Good guaranteed salary and commissions to the right party. Address A-250, Gazette.

ANOTHER young man to sell goods. Salary to right man. Phone 835-J, two rings.

BATHS—15 cents at Laviedo's all hours. Phone Red 1052. 222½ E. Pike's Peak.

WANTED Delivery boy with wheel, at Tammen drug store.

WANTED—A man to sell in this field exclusively for one of the largest nurseries in the west. Cash advanced weekly on orders. Address Washington Nursery Company, Toppenish, Washington.

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ANOTHER young man to sell goods. Salary to right man. Phone 835-J, two rings.

BATHS—15 cents at Laviedo's all hours. Phone Red 1052. 222½ E. Pike's Peak.

WANTED Delivery boy with wheel, at Tammen drug store.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade by position for every graduate. Top wages paid. Few weeks completes. Course includes tools and diplomas. Can nearly earn expenses if desired. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Denver, Colo.

YOUNG man with experience to work at soda fountain. The D. Y. Butcher Drug Co.

WANTED—You to join our club and get a bicycle for $2. B. G. Hewett, 114 Cheyenne Ave.

WANTED—Live agents of good address; right man can make splendid salary. Call 9 a. m., Room 26, Midland Block.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

ASSISTANT cook and dining room girl at Nordbach Ranch, Sanitarium. Call Dr. White's office, over Robinson's drug store.

WANTED—Nurse girl to care for child 3 years old. Address Mrs. Edw. E. Nichols, Jr., Cliff House, Manitou.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework in small family. Good wages. Address B-297, care Gazette.

WANTED—Ten members for bicycle club No. 2. B. G. Hewett, 114 Cheyenne Ave.

WANTED—Young girl to assist with housework in small family; may go home nights. 410 S. Cascade.

WANTED—A No. 1 woman cook, will pay good salary. 218 S. Tejon.

FIRST CLASS skirt makers wanted at Salsich, 312 N. Tejon St.

WANTED—Experienced skirt and waist makers. 525 N. Weber.

GIRL for general housework. Call 1124 N. Tejon.

A GOOD competent girl for general house work. Apply No. 2129 N. Cascade.

Employment bureau, 204 DeGraff bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Mrs. J. Rhind. Phone 569-D.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

MRS. G. A. FOWLER desires to recommend lady, competent and experienced, who wants post as housekeeper, secretary, or care of invalid. Phone Black 64.

A WOMAN with a 2-year-old child wishes position as housekeeper. Address 116 East Boulder.

WANTED—Position as stenographer for experience and use of machine. A 280, Gazette.

SITUATION as cook for season. Call or address 516 E. Huerfano. John Bailey.

TO RENT FURNISHED ROOMS.

BURROS to any point in North or South Cheyenne canons, Bruin Inn, Mount Cutlet, picnic grounds, or Seven Falls, for 25c round trip. The Cheyenne Burro & Carriage Co., successors to Hunter & Storer, Stratton Park.

THE Laclede—Best seat, best location; $3 to $4 per week. 4 E. P. Peak.

FURNISHED rooms or light housekeeping rooms. 327 North Cascade Ave.

ROOMS—With or without board; no objection to children. 606 N. Nevada.

FOR RENT—Two rooms furnished light housekeeping. Address 270, Gazette.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms, modern, close in. 329 N. Tejon St.

ROOMS—Strictly modern, for light housekeeping. 707 N. Tejon St.

ELEGANT [illegible] and [illegible] porch, [illegible] N. Weber St.

2-ROOM cottage and housekeeping rooms, good location. 1007 Washington Ave.

LARGE, sunny rooms, furnished, modern, 15 South Wahsatch.

TWO furnished rooms for housekeeping. 524 N. Weber St.

FOR RENT—UNFUR. HOUSES.

4-ROOM house, Cor. El Paso and Boulder, $16.

4-room modern except heat, on west side; $10 per month.

7-room house on S. Nevada Ave.; large lot and barn.

MATTHEW KENNEDY.
113 E. Kiowa St.

SIX-ROOM house; barn; $16; 118 N. Corona; inquire 325 S. Tejon. 3 and 5-room houses furnished.

ONE four-room and one five-room cottage, barn and chicken house. 27 W. St. Elmo, Ivywild.

4 LARGE ROOMS, fully modern. Inquire Bumstead's Shop, Rear Out West Bldg.

FOR RENT—Partly furnished, 4 rooms, modern. Inquire 320 E. Boulder.

6-ROOM house, 4 blocks from P. O., $15.00. Call 214 Pike's Peak Ave.

FOR RENT—Four roomed cottage, partly modern. 406 E. Columbia St.

HOUSE, five rooms and bath. 322 S. Wahsatch. Call next door south.

TO TRADE.

HAVE you an equity in an improved property worth not over $2,000 to trade for Washington avenue lot? If so, see THE HARPER-WARNER AGENCY, 1012 Colo. Ave.

TO TRADE—Large St. Bernard dog for chickens. 1147 Lincoln avenue, or phone [illegible]

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE

$75 DOWN, $12 PER MONTH.

$100 DOWN, $15 PER MONTH.

$200 DOWN, $7 [illegible]

THE HASTINGS-ALLEN CO.
BUILDING,
2 N. Tejon St.

FOR SALE AT REAL ESTATE OFFICE

FORMER PRICE $[illegible]

Reduced now to $[illegible]. We want an offer on this house. Just a home for large lot, hot and cold water, lavatory, gas and electric light, large cement basement [illegible] feet deep with good bath [illegible] cement walks, fence [illegible] block of car line and [illegible] blocks north, walking distance [illegible] churches and business [illegible] a home for someone. [illegible] at this price.

J. J. FRANKLIN & CO.
116 E. Pike's Peak Ave.
Sign of Red Iron Fence.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN.
Six rooms and barn, good lot, north. Terms to suit.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Sole Agents,
26-27 Midland Block.

WEST SIDE HOMES on monthly payments.
THE HARPER-WARNER AGENCY,
1012 Colo. Ave.

CHEAP on easy terms, 436 North Walnut street, eight-room modern house; hot water heat; lot 150 feet front, with shade trees, barn and chicken corral.

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, nice home, new, small payment. Terms to suit. 312 East First St., Ivywild.

LOT, fifty by one hundred and ninety, five-room cottage, close in. Address A 257, Gazette.

LOT, 50x130, vacant, close in, fine lot for residence. Address A 258, Gazette.

TRANSFER AND STORAGE.

PIANO & household goods packed, moved and stored. 226 N. Tejon. Phone 558.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING by the day. 1006 S. Nevada.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

[illegible] PRICE $[illegible] Tejon St.

Well improved [illegible] Colorado Springs property [illegible]

FOR SALE.
[illegible] located No. 23 [illegible] home will [illegible]

[illegible] under where [illegible] Property [illegible] $[illegible]

[illegible] wash [illegible] cold water; lot 50x[illegible] south front. Terms $[illegible] cash, balance $[illegible] per month.

CHAS. F. FERRIS,
No. 29 N. Tejon St.

F. M. SIMMONS,
Phone 97. Sales Agent.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for smaller [illegible] modern cottage [illegible] Must be sold. Address L, care Gazette.

BARGAIN [illegible] nearly new house fine for rooming or boarding house close in north, for cottage, building on time. A 255, Gazette.

FULL lot, good small house or will exchange for good work horses. 526 S. Nevada.

5-ROOM modern cottage. No. 15 South Sixth St., W. Colorado Springs.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—To exchange, small new property, in good location, for house to be moved off lot; must be strong frame and good roof.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27, Midland Block.

DOES YOUR CARRIAGE NEED PAINTING?
If so, let us paint it for you; all work guaranteed; prices reasonable. Frank Helmer's Paint Shop, 408 S. Tejon St.

WANTED—Cast-off clothing, shoes, furniture, in fact anything. Send postal or phone 476-B. Peoples Mission, Poor Relief depot, 23 W. Huerfano.

THE best 10-inch record for your phonograph, 50 cents. Hiltbrand, 125½ N. Tejon St.

THOMAS ALLEN, house cleaner, office Temple theater. Phone Black 592.

WANTED—Diamonds, ¾ to 1¼ carats; also old gold and silver. 12 N. Tejon.

LOAN of $400.00 at 8 per cent, 160 acres, 8 miles N. E. of city. A 256, Gazette.

WANTED—Good cash register. L. J. Newsom, 310 S. Tejon.

GAZETTE
Want Ads.

serve as oil upon the troubled waters of daily life and these waters get troubled enough sometimes to wreck half of Hope's big navy.

Life is made easy with
Gazette Want Ads

TO RENT FURNISHED HOUSES

FOR 12 months, reasonable to right party, 6 rooms, modern, large lot and garden. 717 E. Cache la Poudre.

NICELY furnished, thoroughly modern, seven-room house; north. Address P. O. Box 1368.

NEAT 3-room house. 621 North Wahsatch, $12.00. Inquire O. D. Olney, South Tejon.

FURNISHED or unfurnished house, modern. 2011 N. Tejon St. Phone 901-B.

SIX rooms and bath, large glass porch, close in. 49 W. Bijou. Phone 501-B.

4 or 6 ROOMS, on car line; bath; well furnished. 407 E. Platte.

3-ROOM cottage completely furnished. Apply 515 N. Oak.

2 4-ROOM cottages, 209 and 204 Cheyenne road. Inquire at 209.

4 AND 5-room house, furnished. Inquire rear 521 East Bijou St.

MUSICAL INSRUMENTS.

$50.00 BUSH & GERTS piano. A great bargain at $150.00 cash. One Schubert piano, oak case, for $175.00 cash. This week only.

BIRD PIANO CO.,
11 N. Tejon.

WANTED—TO RENT HOUSES.

WANTED—HOUSES TO RENT.
WE ARE making a specialty of renting, having a man who devotes his entire time to the purpose. If you have a desirable property that is vacant, we can rent it for you quick. Try us.

YATES & McCLAIN,
The Hustling Real Estate Firm,
15, 16, 17, 18, 19½ El Paso Bldg.
Phone Main 270.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—Young lady with about $[illegible] to take charge of music store at [illegible] Pueblo. J. P. O. Box [illegible], City.

LOST.

LOST—A brindle bulldog about eight months old; plain leather collar with chain attached. Finder will receive reward of $1 upon returning to Dr. E. L. Timmons, 107 Pike's Peak avenue.

LOST—Small silver watch in vicinity of St. Stephen's church; reward for return to MRS. R. D. WEIR, 8 E. Cache La Poudre St.

LOST—Small green purse containing $7.50, near Kaufman's store. Reward if returned to Gazette office.

GENT'S suit, between Second and Third Sts., West Side. Reward if returned Gazette Office.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

CARRIAGES and wagons repaired at lowest prices. Rubber tires a specialty. All work guaranteed. Hemenway's Carriage and Repair Shop, 25 S. Cascade.

FOR SALE—Heavy team, harness and flat wagon; also single horse and [illegible] gage wagon. 11 West Cucharas.

FOR SALE—Carload stylish drivers and saddlers; also good jack. Call Buildings, 23 S. Conejos. Phone 1142-A.

FOR SALE—Fine young black mare, saddler. Peck's feed yard. Monday only.

FOR SALE—Phaeton, runabout and tourist surrey. 1310 University Place.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Barn with three stalls, $[illegible] and lot. Room 40, Bank Bldg.

CHICAGO PORTABLE HOUSE CO. Telephone 880-A. 504 W. Huerfano.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

J. C. ANDERSON, Contractor and Builder, 130 E. Kiowa St. Phone [illegible]

AUCTIONS AND AUCTIONEERS.

J. W. COFFAT & CO., GENERAL AUCTIONEERS, room 36 Midland Block.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

SPECIAL [illegible] best [illegible]

FOR SALE—Small eight horse-power upright steam engine, good condition. Must be sold. Address L, care Gazette.

FOR SALE—One 1-horse power electric motor, good condition, cheap. Must be sold. Address Motor, care Gazette.

PLENTY [illegible] for house bedding and kindling wood, [illegible] to New York Furniture Mfg. Co.

HIGH-GRADE [illegible]

SINGLE [illegible]

FOR SALE [illegible]

[illegible] Phone Red [illegible] N. Wahsatch Ave.

FOR SALE—Office [illegible] size, [illegible] new. [illegible] office.

FOR SALE—Old papers [illegible] papers at Gazette office.

FOR SALE—About 4,000 [illegible] Call Room 8, Mitchell Bldg.

FOR SALE—A [illegible] Last Platte Ave.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ROOMS—Single or [illegible] table board. Mrs. Ball, 18 E. Pueblo. Phone 664A.

ROOMS AND BOARD—Table board. Mrs. Wagner, 1[illegible] N. Nevada.

BOARD and room, large front room. 908 N. Nevada.

BOARD and rooms, table board. Mrs. Call, 25 W. Bijou. Phone Black 182.

LARGE or small rooms, steam heat, with board. 18 Boulder Crescent.

FURNISHED rooms and excellent table board. 416 N. Nevada. Phone 1045-A.

ROOM and board; sleeping porch. The McGregor Inn, 712 N. Tejon.

TWO pleasant rooms with board; reasonable rates. 313 E. Kiowa.

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE STAR LOAN CO.
ROOM 20, FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.
—PHONE 578-A—
$ DO YOU NEED MONEY? $
Have you regular employment in any respectable business?
—Then See Us.—
The oldest and most reliable.
Never WORRY and thereby lose SLEEP and overtax NERVES for want of $10 to $100. LIFE is too SHORT, OPPORTUNITY too GREAT to get it just on your note and repay small easy payments each pay day. Discount if paid before due. All business confidential. Every business courtesy extended.

TO LOAN.
Money at 5 and 6 per cent on real estate; no delay.
W. W. WILLIAMSON,
Member Colorado Springs Real Estate Exchange.
Tel. 316-A. 27 N. Tejon St.

WANTED TO LOAN—$2,000 on good real estate security; lowest rates; will loan $1,000 if desired. Call mornings, 9 o'clock.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27, Midland Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD CHATTELS. TERMS TO SUIT BORROWER.
WOLFE & BELL,
ROOM 6, P. O. BLDG.

CHATTEL AND SALARY LOANS AT LOW RATES AND EASY PAYMENTS.
303 COLO. BLDG. PHONE 471-B.

$1,000 TO LOAN at 7 per cent on inside property. B. F., Gazette.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK.

ROSE COMB RHODE ISLAND REDS. Brown and Buff Leghorns and Black Langshan eggs, 50c and $1.00 per setting; 4 Barred Rock hens and cockerel, $7. F. E. Carman, No. 319 Galena St., west side.

HIGH Protein Beef Scrap, Alfalmo Chick Feed, Fresh Cut Alfalfa (the green kind) and the Anderson Shipping Egg Boxes, just in. Phone us your orders. Black 731. 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. J. M. HILL, 1307 So. Tejon St.

ONE excellent bone cutter, $10. R. C. Rhode Island eggs for setting. Pike's Peak Poultry Yards, 225 North Prospect.

150-EGG "Old Trusty" incubator for sale, this week at your own price. We don't want it; do you? HILL.

S. C. and R. C. R. I. Red cockerels, $1.00 each. W. W. Cowen, care Wells-Fargo Express Co.

WANTED—Mated common pigeons. Address P. O. Box 1245, Colo. Springs.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PSYCHIC MEDIUM, readings daily, test meetings Thursday and Sunday evenings. 20 East Pike's Peak, upstairs.

MADAM ISABELL can be consulted on all affairs of life, prospecting and speculation a specialty. 186 S. Nevada ave.

CLAIRVOYANT—Trance medium, 9 to 12; 2 to 9. Elizabeth Butler, 108 S. Nevada.

MRS. THOMPSON, clairvoyant, 50c and $1.00. Hours 9 to 9. 36 S. Nevada.

FOR SALE FURNITURE.

FINE sideboard, piano, good organ, sewing machine, fine tent complete, piano and quite a number of other useful articles for housekeeping. Apply No. 21 S. Wahsatch Ave.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

I CAN sell you 10-inch Zon-o-phone records for 50 cents. Hiltbrand, 125½ N. Tejon St.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. G. W. PAULT and wife, graduates Still's college, Kirksville, Mo., under founder of Osteopathy. 308-5 De Graff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Phones Red 1272, Res. 332. Best equipped office, best of service.

FOR SALE RANCHES.

LAND that is cheaper than rent or leasing and increasing should be worth investigating. $1.75 per acre; 1-10 down, 10 years' credit.
UNION PACIFIC LAND AGENCY,
1 17th St., Denver Colorado.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF ADJOURNED ANNUAL MEETING.
Stages, Colo., March 10, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that the adjourned annual meeting of the Hazard Gold Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, at 8 E. Pike's Peak ave., Colorado Springs, Colo., on Tuesday, April 10, 1906, at 10 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving reports of the officers and directors for the ensuing year and further such business as may properly come before said meeting. The books for the transfer of stock will close Monday, April 7, 1906, and remain open until adjournment of said meeting.
THOS. STARK,
Vice President.
TAYLOR J. DOWNER, Secretary.

Notice is hereby given that business we will continue the accounts for past [illegible] continuance of same [illegible] Moses C. N. Tucker [illegible] under the firm name [illegible] & Tucker, both of [illegible] experience and [illegible] and we respectfully [illegible] Respectfully, Rogers & Foster. April 1, 1906.

PATENTS.

PATENTS secured or machinery designed. [illegible] Boulder Crescent. Phone [illegible]

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

No. NORTH FOR DENVER.
16—From Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, Leadville and Glenwood ..... 4:00 am
6—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.. 8:30 am
8—From Pueblo ..... 9:05 am
12—From St. Louis, K. C., Pueblo. 10:25 am
2—From St. Louis & Pac. Coast.. 2:05 pm
10—From Pueblo and Canon City.. 3:25 pm
14—From Trinidad and Pueblo..... 6:10 pm
4—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.. 7:20 pm

SOUTH AND WEST FROM DENVER.
15—For Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, and Leadville ..... 12:25 am
5—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.... 11:05 am
1—For Salt Lake, St. Louis and Pacific Coast ..... 12:00 pm
13—For Pueblo ..... 10:30 am
3—For Canon City and Pueblo.... 4:10 pm
7—For Pueblo, Alamosa, Durango 9:30 pm
11—For Kan. City and St. Louis... 7:05 pm
2—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.... 10:25 pm

No.	Lv. Colo. Spgs.	No.	Lv. Manitou
43	7:50 am	44	8:20 am
45	10:45 am	46	11:20 am
47	5:00 pm	48	5:25 p. m.

MANITOU BRANCH TRAINS.
For Pueblo ..... 7:10 pm
For Pueblo ..... 10:20 pm
Trains arrive from Denver 6:20, 10:[illegible]

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

No. WEST BOUND. Leaves.
3—Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast Limited 11:05
Santa Fe—C. & S. depot.
11—Cripple Creek and Ute Pass Express ..... 7:10 pm
D. & R. G. depot.
3—Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast Limited ..... 11:20 a m
Santa Fe—C. & S. depot.

No. EAST BOUND. Arrive.
6—From Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast ..... 7:05 am
Santa Fe depot.
2—From Cripple Creek & Ute Pass ..... 10:20 am
D. & R. G. depot.
4—From Pacific Coast, Utah, Colorado ..... 6:00 pm
Santa Fe depot.

All trains to and from Cripple Creek district leave from and arrive at D. & R. G. depot. Other trains arrive and leave from Santa Fe depot. Ticket office No. 9 North Tejon st. [illegible] C. S. BROWNE, General Agent.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN.

NORTH BOUND.
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins.. 6:35 am
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins.. 7:25 am
For Denver, Boulder, Kan. City, St. Louis and East ..... 10:25 am
For Denver ..... 11:00 am
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins, Omaha, Chicago and East ..... 1:25 pm
For Denver, Kan. City, St. Louis.. 3:25 pm
For Denver, Omaha, Chicago Kan. City, St. Louis and East... 6:05 pm
For Denver ..... 7:05 pm

SOUTH BOUND.
For Pueblo ..... 8:40 am
For Pueblo ..... 10:10 am
For Pueblo, Trinidad, Ft. Worth.. 2:30 pm
For Pueblo ..... 6:45 pm
For Pueblo ..... 7:10 pm
For Pueblo ..... 10:20 pm
Trains arrive from Denver, 6:20, 10:05, 11:40 a. m., and 2:25, 6:25, 7:05, 10:20 and 11:30 p. m.
Trains arrive from the south, 6:35, 10:15, 11:40 a. m., 1:20, 3:20, 5:00 p. m.
Ticket office No. 119 E. Pike's Peak Ave. Call in and ask questions.
G. H. LOGAN, C. A.

ROCK ISLAND SYST

No. LEAVE COLORADO SPRINGS.
42—Rocky Mt. Lim. to Chicago.... 10:40 am
8—Vestib'd Lim. Chi. via Omaha. 9:40 pm
Colorado Flyer, Kan. City, St. Joe, St. Louis, Chicago ..... 2:30 pm
12—For Kan. City, Memphis, Jacksonville, Fla., and St. Louis.. 7:55 am
4—Limited to Pueblo ..... 8:30 am
6—Limited to Pueblo ..... 11:30 am
10—To Pueblo ..... 9:45 pm
ARRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS.
5—Vestibuled Lim. from Chicago. 7:50 am
3—From St. Louis and Kan. City 8:15 am
9—Colorado Flyer, from Kan. City, St. Joe, Omaha, St. Louis.... 11:30 am
41—Rocky Mountain Limited ..... 9:40 pm
Through sleepers and chair cars on all trains; dining cars for all meals.
W. W. WOOD, C. P. A.
2 Pike's Pike Ave. Phone 95.

SANTA FE.

February 11, 1906.
Union Station, East Pike's Peak Ave.
No. NORTH FOR DENVER.
5—From Chicago and California 6:55 am
14—From Colorado Midland..... 7:25 am
15—Denver Express ..... 10:35 am
607—Denver Express ..... 11:55 am
1—From Texas ..... 1:35 pm
601—From Pueblo and East..... 3:35 pm
3—Denver Ex. from Cripple Cr.. 6:05 pm
11—From Colorado Midland..... 7:05 pm
EAST BOUND AND CALIFORNIA.
606—For Chicago and Kan. City... 8:00 am
4—For Pueblo ..... 10:[illegible] am
12—To Colorado Midland Ry..... 11:00
2—For Pueblo ..... 2:10 pm
602—California Lim. and Chicago.. 6:05 pm
14—For Pueblo ..... 7:10 pm
6—For Chicago, K. C., El Paso.. 10:30 pm
16—To Colorado Midland Ry..... 11:20 pm

CO[illegible] & CRIPPLE CREEK.

(Narrow Gauge.)
No. Daily. WEST BOUND.
[illegible] Leaves Colorado Springs ..... 10:30 am
Arrives at Cripple Creek ..... 1:20 pm
EAST BOUND.
[illegible] Cripple Creek ..... 3:00 pm
Arrive Colorado Springs ..... 4:00 pm
Through cars between Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek. Cripple Creek and Victor are run over the C. & S. Ry. to and from Colorado Springs. Short time trains arrive and depart Santa Fe station, Colorado Springs. City office, 120 E. Pike's Peak Ave. THE CRIPPLE CREEK [illegible] Ry.

Via Colorado Midland. Out of Colorado Springs.
No. WEST BOUND.
[illegible] Leave Colorado Springs ..... 7:10 am
Arrive Cripple Creek .....
EAST BOUND.
[illegible] Leave Cripple Creek ..... 7:00 [illegible]
Arrive Colorado Springs ..... [illegible]

ILLINOIS PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive [illegible] Dep. [illegible]
10:25 am—St. Louis, Springfield, K. C., St. Joe, Atchison, Leavenworth, Topeka and Kansas Springs, Ark., Tex. ..... 7:00 [illegible]
2:05 pm—Paul [illegible] St. Louis, K. C., St. [illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

Our Advance Easter Sale

As Advertised Last week All Over the City.

The Daylight Store C. J. HEATH DRY GOODS CO. 111 S. Tejon St.

As Advertised Last week

Easter Sale 5000 yds Ribbons

ALL SILK TAFFETAS at............4c, 6c, 7 1-2c, 9c, 12c
ALL SILK SATINS at......................4c, 8c, 10c, 15c
ALL SILK FANCY RIBBONS at yd.............15c and 19c

NOW, the regular prices of this big lot of ribbons are from 8c to 35c per yd., and GOOD values at that. This sale started Saturday, we sold over 1,200 yards; could hardly wait on the people Saturday afternoon. The sale continues ALL THIS WEEK as advertised don't pass it.

OUR ANNUAL SPRING SALE OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

Prices reduced from 25 to 35 per cent. Sale lasts all this week.

LACE AND EMBROIDERY SALE.

SPECIAL SALE NEW LACE CURTAINS.

It will pay you to look over THE VERY LATEST STYLES AND PATTERNS we are showing at a saving of from 50c to $1.50 per pair, anticipating your future purchase within the next two months. We are showing some splendid bargains from 75c to $12.00 per pair; regular prices $1.25 to $15 pair.

AND DO NOT FORGET OUR SPECIAL.

SALE OF NEW FANCY HOSIERY.

A general reduction of ten per cent on all grades. Plain and Fancy Hosiery. "TOPSY of course."

ATTEND OUR EASTER SALES ALL THIS WEEK AND NEXT.

HAVE YOU SEEN THEM? THOSE NEW SPRING SUITS AT

Rafield The Clothier

City Briefs

Satisfied people wear Ashby's spectacles

FINELY furnished rooms, Y. M. C. A.

CHAMBERLAIN & Brown, Dentists.

CLOSING TERM—The closing term of the school year begins this morning, when the public schools reopen after having been closed for a week for the annual spring vacation.

ELKS—From 2 to 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, Colorado Springs lodge No. 309, B. P. O. Elks, will give a ladies' afternoon in their clubhouse. Music will be given and a luncheon will be served.

LOUIS STOCK'S steam dye and chemical works, 18 East Kiowa street. Gloves cleaned perfectly, leaving absolutely no odor and without the use of powder. Five cents per pair. Long ones, 10 cents.

FUNERAL—The funeral of Bertram Alexander, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Gibbre, was held at the family residence in Fountain at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Interment was made in Evergreen cemetery.

FIELD DAY—The senior Christian Endeavor of the Congregational church will hold a "field day" and social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Chapman, 22 East Columbia street, this evening. The social will be preceded by a business meeting at 7:30 o'clock.

THE last of the series of entertainments given under the auspices of the Boys' Club association, will be given Monday evening, April 2, at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium. "A 'Jolly Evening'" consists of a lecture of 45 minutes on the "American Boy," by Marvin Williams, then 45 minutes more of miscellaneous program including musical "take offs," and a closing period of dramatic work.

GOOD JUDGMENT

is the essential characteristic of men and women. Invaluable to good business men and necessary to housewives. A woman shows good judgment when she buys White's Cream Vermifuge for her baby. The best worm medicine ever offered to mothers. Many indeed are the sensible mothers who write expressing their gratitude for the good health of their children, which they owe to the use of White's Cream Vermifuge. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Weekly Calendar of Lodge Meetings

Knights of Pythias.

Syracuse lodge No. 1?, K. P., Thursday evening.

Myrtle lodge No. 24, K. P., Wednesday evening.

Sublime lodge No. 123, K. P., this evening.

H. C. Gasner company No. 2, U. R. K. P., Tuesday evening.

Pike's Peak company No. 10, U. R. K. P., this evening.

Sublime temple No. 5?, Rathbone sisters, Thursday evening.

Hermione temple No. 1, Rathbone Sisters, this evening.

Odd Fellows.

Pike's Peak lodge No. 38, I. O. O. F., Thursday evening.

Colorado Springs lodge No. 1?0, I. O. O. F., Wednesday evening.

Phoenix encampment No. 21, I. O. O. F., Tuesday evening.

Monte Rosa Rebekah lodge No. 4, I. O. O. F., Friday evening.

Masons.

Tejon lodge No. 104, A. F. and A. M., this evening.

Centennial chapter No. 56, O. E. S., Wednesday evening.

Pike's Peak commandery No. 6, K. T., Thursday evening.

Zabud council No. 5, R. and S. M., Tuesday evening.

Elks.

Colorado Springs lodge No. 309, B. P. O. E., Tuesday evening.

Colorado Springs Elks association, Tuesday evening.

Modern Woodmen.

Colorado Springs camp No. 7226, M. W. A., Wednesday evening.

Woodmen of the World

Pike's Peak camp No. ?, W. O. W., Tuesday evening.

El Paso camp No. ?, W. O. W., Saturday evening.

Yeomen.

Colorado Orchestral No. ?, B. A. Y., Friday evening.

Maccabees.

Independence Hive of Maccabees, Friday evenings.

Royal Neighbors.

Harmony camp No. ?, Royal Neighbors, this evening.

Knights and Ladies of Security.

Colorado Springs council No. ?, K. and L. S., Thursday evening.

Harugari.

Colorado Springs lodge, Order of Harugari, this evening.

Fraternal Union of America.

Colorado Springs chapter, Fraternal Union, Thursday evening.

WHY

have a torpid liver when Herbine will regulate it. There is no reason why you should suffer from Dyspepsia, Constipation, Chills and Fever or any liver complaints when Herbine will cure you. E. C. Wait, Westville, Fla., writes, "I was sick for six months with chills and fever, and after taking two bottles of Herbine am well and healthy." Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

SEE THE CHOICE LINE OF HAWKES CUT GLASS Just in at LAUTERMAN'S JEWELER AND OPTICIAN 121 N. Tejon St. Phone Black 2??

See our New Spring Oxfords J. H. GARDNER SHOE CO. 30 N. TEJON ST.

Established (with the town) 1871.

HENRY LeB. WILLS
ELLIS L. SPACKMAN.
EDWARD W. KENT.

Out West Building

HENRY LeB. WILLS & CO

Members Colorado Springs Real Estate Exchange.

For Sale Modern House of 10 Rooms, hot water heat, close in $5,500

Houses For Rent

Rich Rolls

That's the kind you get from us, rich with health and strength. PARKER HOUSE, VIENNA, LONG SWEET, LEAF, CINNAMON, FINGER, PLAIN BUNS, AND SWEET RUSKS. They look good, taste good, are good.

Try them!

W. N. BURGESS

112-114 North Tejon St.

If You Can't Afford TO HAVE YOUR HAIR CUT ONCE A WEEK DON'T USE Hoffman's Hair Tonic

The greatest antiseptic Hair Tonic and Dandruff Cure of the age.

For further particulars and more hair, see us.

D. E. MONROE & CO.

Phones 311 and 331. TEMPERANCE PHARMACY, Corner Tejon and Bijou Sts.

$1.35 BAG SALE

Any leather shopping bag in our stock on sale Friday at $1.35. These bags sold from $2.00 to $3.50; your choice $1.35.

We need room for our spring and summer novelties, so the bags must go.

See them in the window

R. ASHBY.

Optical Jeweler.

The Proof

Now is the time to test our assertions regarding prompt delivery.

When you are so unfortunate as to have sickness in the house you want your medicines delivered with all possible speed. That's what we try to do.

Try Phone 424 B next time and see how quick we deliver goods.

The Antlers PHARMACY CO. TELEPHONE 424-B.

I Offer for Sale

Limited amount of Mortgage Loans secured on farms in Central Missouri to net investors 5 per cent. These notes are convertible into cash at par on sixty days' notice. 100 shares of Colorado Telephone Co. stock.

THOS. C. PEASE, 117 East Kiowa St.

Marson & Co.

KODAK

A Kodak

costs less than an automobile, and is lots more fun.

WE SELL KODAKS AND FILMS.

The D. Y. Butcher Drug Co.

Immediate Delivery Service. Cor. Opp. P. O. Phone 90

THE KEYSTONE

112 South Tejon St. Telephone No. 136

Monday Soap Sale

7—5c packages Soap Powder..........
10—Cakes Woodchuck Soap..........
12 Cakes Nugget Soap..........
15—Cakes Snap Soap..........
15 Cakes Red Bird Soap..........
4—10c Cans Lye-line..........

25c

GOING EAST?

Santa Fe

Superior trains and track. Through sleepers Kansas City and Chicago 6:45 p. m. and 10:30 p. m.

18 N. Tejon St.

Feed YOUR HORSE Well

and get better work from the animal. Good feed means a good horse and that's why we ask you to use our feeds.

BETTER HAY BETTER GRAIN

and at a price that will make you a steady customer.

Just received a large shipment of fine San Luis Valley Hay. A trial is all we ask.

PHONE 473-B FOR YOUR NEXT ORDER.

WM. A. NIFF

Hay, Grain, Flour, Salt, Etc. 118 South Cascade.

THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK

OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital $100,000.00
Surplus ....$2??,??0.00

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

A. G. SHARP, P.; J. R. McKINNIE, Vice Pres.; W. F. BARNES, Vice P. S. J. GILES, Cashier. C. G. GRAHAM, Assistant Cashier. WILLIAM LENNOX, W. S. NICHOLS, D. H. RICE, E. W. GIDDINGS, FRANK F. CASTELLO, A. S. HOLBROOK, VERNER Z. REED

EL PASO NATIONAL BANK

OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital $250,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits..................$100,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS—William S. Jackson, Pres.; C. C. Hemming, Vice Pres.; C. L. Hemming, Cashier; Gen. William J. Palmer, Asa T. Jones, B. F. Scott, H. M. Blackmer, C. H. White, O. L. Godfrey, E. J. Eaton, Henry LeB. Wills, Thos. J. Fisher, S. B. Mansfield, O. E. Hathaway, Geo. S. Elstun, Colorado Springs, Colo., B. F. Edwards, W. H. Thompson, J. C. Van Blarcom, St. Louis, Mo.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits...............$475,??? ??

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

J. A. Hayes, Pres't; Irving Howbert, Vice President; A. Sutton, Cashier; A. H. Hunt, Asst. Cashier; Wm. A. Otis, John G. Shields, Clare M. Howbert, Frank G. Peck, Spencer Penrose.

THE COLORADO TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL, $200,000. SURPLUS, $50,000.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—President, J. Arthur Connell; Vice Presidents, H. G. Lunt, E. P. Shove, L. E. Curtis; Secretary, F. M. McMahon; Assistant Treasurer, George E. Nolte; Assistant Secretary, Wm. R. Waterton; Auditor, Albert E. Briggs; J. G. Shields, C. M. MacNeill, F. G. Peck, P. B. Stewart, I. W. Dunbright, R. P. Davie, Henry Hine, Spencer Penrose, D. B. Fairley, H. C. Hall, E. J. Ullrich, C. P. Dodge and F. W. Stehr.

Pays Interest on Savings and Trust Accounts.

THE COLORADO SAVINGS BANK

OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital ....$50,000 | Surplus and Undivided Profits $17,113

General Banking Business. Interest Paid on Savings Accounts.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—E. J. EATON, Pres.; S. D. McCRACKEN, Vice Pres.; F. P. EVANS, Cashier; W. S. NICHOLS, O. H. SHOUP, JOHN CURR, F. F. CASTELLO, B. F. LOWELL, WM. STRACHAN.

THE REED INVESTMENT CO.

Investment Bankers. Bonds, Mortgages and Colorado Securities

REED BLOCK. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Read the Wants

GIDDINGS BROS.

READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

We can not say enough about our lines. Feel confident we can please all. Every style and material to be worn this season is represented here. All fitting guaranteed and done free of charge.

Princess Gowns, in net over silk, Rajah silk, Foulard silk, neat stripes and plain taffeta silk, from $33.50 to $90.00 each.

White Serge Suits, in tight fitting, half fitted and eton effects, from $27.50 to $45.

Wool Suits, in light weight, soft materials; checks, stripes, plaid effects and plain cloths, in gray green, black, blue, etc., ranging in price from $15.00 to $75.00 each.

Linen suits, to be the most popular summer garments this season, white, light and medium blue, lavender, pink, gray and red; trimmed with baby Irish lace, embroidery or hand embroidered, prices ranging from $20.00 to $50.00.

White serge panama, voile and mohair skirts to be worn with lingerie waist, from $10.00 to $20.00.

Walking skirts, pleated or circular effects, fancy gray panamas, plain gray panamas, blue serge, panama or mohair, black serge panama or mohair, ranging in price from $5.50 to $15.00 each.

Three-quarter length covert jackets, patch pockets, at $10.00, $11.00 and $12.50.

Natty covert jackets, nicely tailored, tight fitting, half fitting and fancy effects, at $5.50, $6.00, $7.50, $8.00, $10.50, $12.50, $16.50, $17.00, $19.50 and $21.00.

Special Sateen House Dresses in brown, blue and black and white polka dots, selling regular at $5.00, to close.................. $3.00

Sheer and Heavy Linens for Suits and Waists

As this is to be one of the greatest linen seasons ever known, we made our purchases accordingly.

Sheer linen cambrics and lawns at 25c, 35c, 45c, 50c, 75c, 85c, $1.00 up to $2.00.

Round thread linens, 36, 45, 54, 72 and 90 inches wide, from 35c to $2 per yard.

Colored lawns, in blues, tan pink, green, black, at 50c and 75c per yard.

New Line Embroidered Waist Patterns.

From $3.50 to $15.00 each.

The Comfort of Home

is not complete without a telephone. Low rates.

The Colorado Telephone Co.

R. F. MORRIS, Mgr. Tele. Main No. 2. 120 E. Kiowa St.

Beautiful Suburban Estate

1⅓ Acres

MAGNIFICENT LAWN AND TREES.
NINE-ROOM RESIDENCE.
FINE FINISH, OAK FLOORS.
HOT WATER HEAT, A1 PLUMBING.
STABLE AND OUTBUILDINGS.
TROLLEY SERVICE.

$10,000

CHAS. P. BENNETT

MEMBER COLORADO SPRINGS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND LOANS.

5 EAST PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

And

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